

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



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Smart Parking

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## الإهداء:

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

"سبحانك اللهم لا علم لنا إلا ما علمتنا إنك أنت السميع العليم"

و الصلاة والسلام على أشرف الخلق والمرسلين سيد البشر أجمعين سيدنا وحبينا النبي الأمي محمد بن عبد الله

صلوات الله وسلامه عليه وعلى صحابته الميامين

، إلى مسرى محمد صلى الله عليه وسلم ومهد المسيح عليه السلام

إلى أرض الشهداء .. والجرحى .. والأسرى

إلى وطننا فلسطين

إلى القدس يا منارة الشرائع .. حزينته عيناك يا مدينة البتول .. يا واحة ظليلة مرّ بها الرسول .. ستبقيين عاصمة

فلسطين الأبدية و التاريخية

إلى من علمتنا وعانين الصعاب لنصل إلى ما نحن فيه .. إلى منبع الحب و الحنان..

إلى أمهاتنا الحبيبات

إلى من يدفعوننا قدماً نحو الأمام لنيل المبتغى .. إلى من يمتلك الإنسانية بكل قوة .. إلى من يسهر على تعليمنا بتضحيات

جسام .. إلى مدرستنا الأولى في الحياة ..

إلى أبائنا الأفاضل

إلى من كانت شمعة تنير دربنا .. وتأخذ بأيدينا لتقودنا إلى بر الأمان .. متجاوزتاً بنا أمواج الفشل والقصور

إلى مشرفتنا الفاضلة م. إزدهار جوابرة

إلى زملائنا وزميلاتنا ، رفقاء درب مسيرتنا التعليمية

إليكم جميعاً .. نهديكم نجاحنا هذا راجيين من المولى عز وجل القبول و النجاح

## الملخص:

يركز هذا المشروع على إنشاء طريقة جديدة وسهلة للمستخدمين لركن سياراتهم بطريقة أكثر أمان وفعالية . فمع نمو مدينة مثل الخليل بسرعة ، أصبح تحديد أماكن لوقوف السيارات أكثر صعوبة خاصة في أماكن وقوف السيارات داخل المباني. فمن شأن النظام الجديد والمبتكر أن يفيد المستهلكين بشكل كبير عن طريق توفير الوقت والطاقة، وذلك من خلال جعل المستخدم يقوم بحجز مكان له في المصنف قبل الوصول اليه ، حتى يتفادى مشكلة عدم وجود مكان فارغ بعد وصوله، وأيضاً إذا لم يتم بالحجز يستطيع عند تواجده على مدخل المصنف و من خلال الشاشة الرئيسية الموجودة على المدخل معرفة أين يوجد مكان فارغ وفي أي طابق والذهاب له مباشرة بدلاً من القيادة عبر مساحة وقوف السيارات بأكملها ، خاصةً إذا كانت المنطقة تتكون من عدة طوابق.

يفيد هذا المشروع المالك أيضاً بشكل كبير ، من خلال منحهم القدرة على عرض الكاميرات الأمنية ، وكذلك عرض التقارير اليومية والأسبوعية والشهرية والسنوية عن عدد السيارات التي دخلت موقف انتظار السيارات والحصول على إيرادات إيجابية، هذا من شأنه أن يلغي الحاجة لموظفي الأمن متعددة ، ومحاسب.

مع وجود مشكلة ستزداد بمرور الوقت ، يحل مشروعنا هذه المشكلة عن طريق استخدام تقنية جديدة ودمجها في مواقف السيارات لإنشاء نظام إنترنت للأشياء ، مما يجعل مواقف السيارات أكثر تقدماً ، وهناك عن طريق جعل المدينة أكثر تقدماً من الناحية التكنولوجية.

# Abstract:

This project focuses on creating a new and easy way for users to park their cars in a more time efficient way. With a city like Hebron rapidly growing, parking spaces become more and more difficult to locate inside buildings parking spaces. A new and innovative system would benefit the consumers greatly by saving them time and energy. If a user was able to locate a parking spot as soon as they enter the parking lot, instead of driving through the entire parking space, especially if the area consists of multiple floors.

This project also benefits the owner greatly, by giving them the ability to view the security cameras, and also viewing the daily, weekly, monthly and yearly reports on how many cars entered the parking lot, and getting a total revenue. This would eliminate the need for multiple security employees, and an accountant.

With a problem that is just going to get bigger as time goes by, our project solves this problem by using new technology and integrate it with the parking lots to create an internet of things system, that would make the parking lots more advanced, and there by make the city more technologically advanced.

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# Abbreviations

**IOT:** Internet OF Things

**IR:** Infrared sensor

**LED:** Light Emitting Diode

**PC:** Personal Computer

**WAMP:** Windows Apache MySQL PHP

**PHP:** Hyper Text Preprocessor

**WI-FI:** Wireless

**SD:** Secure Digital

**CPU:** Central Processing Unit

**USB:** Universal Serial Bus

**LCD:** Liquid Crystal Display

**QR:** Quick Response Code

# Chapter 1

## Introduction:

### Overview of the project:

smart parking is a way to help consumers to park their cars in the most efficient way possible, especially in growing cities like Hebron. Adopting (IOT) concept, we strive to create a smart way to ease the parking experience for the average user.

We also wish to create an easy and simple way for the owner of the parking IOT to manage this new parking system through a very easy to use administrator website.

### Motivation and importance:

With a city like ours rapidly growing, parking spaces become more and more difficult to locate inside buildings parking spaces. A new innovative system would benefit the consumers greatly by saving them time and energy. If a user was able to locate a parking spot as soon as they enter the parking lot, instead of driving through the entire parking space, especially if the area consists of multiple stories.

This project also benefits the owner, by giving them the ability to see the security cameras, also viewing the daily, weekly, monthly and yearly reports on how many cars entered the parking lot, and getting a total revenue. This would eliminate the need for multiple security employees, and an accountant.

### Objective:

The main objective is to create an advanced way to park our cars, to keep up with this evolving environment we live in. by using a combination of sensors, controllers, large displays and a website, our goal would be achieved.

### Description:

In this project, we plan on using both hardware and software to achieve IOT.

The hardware part is going to consist of mainly a raspberry pi 3 to control the hardware parts.

The software part is going to be a two-part website, the first website is a smartphone compatible page that the average consumer can use to see how many parking spaces are available before getting to the physical location, and they also have the ability to reserve a parking space for a certain amount of time.

The other website is going to be for the owner of the parking lot, where they manage the parking lot. Using this project would lower employees cost, where there wouldn't be as many security employees, and there wouldn't be a need an employee at the main entrance, it would also benefit the owner by getting the exact amount of money made each day.

This project is most affective in large parking spaces and in multi-leveled parking spaces as well.

#### Problem analysis:

The main purpose of this project is to solve a rapidly increasing problem, where it's becoming hard to locate a parking spot in certain places, like shopping malls, or office buildings. This project would decrease the human efforts in finding an empty space, and use our technology to locate and park their car, in a time and effort efficient way.

#### List of requirements:

This project requires both hardware and software components to achieve:

##### *hardware equipment:*

1. IR sensor or ultrasonic sensor
2. LED light
3. Raspberry pi 3
4. monitor
5. entrance gate
6. cameras
7. PC

##### *Software components:*

1. Visual studio
2. Sublime editor
3. Wamp
4. Browser

#### Programming Language:

1. PHP for programming the website
2. C++ for programming the raspberry pi

#### System constrains:

One of the most important constraints is the internet connection and the electricity, if either one gets cut off, the entire system would shut down, also if the QR code was misread, the gate would not open and wouldn't let any customers in.

# Chapter 2:

## Background:

### 1. Raspberry pi 3:



**Description:** raspberry pi 3 contains a 1.2 GHz quad-core processor with a 1 GB RAM, along with a built in WI-FI and Bluetooth 4.1. it also contains all the necessary I/O ports and a SD card slot for memory.

**Alternative:** Arduino.

**Reason for using this product:** with a faster CPU, raspberry pi 3 can handle our project without any hiccup, and with the wireless chip sets built in, it would make it much easier to connect the hardware and the software together, without any extra modules.

### 2. Ultra sonic sensors:



**Description:** As the name indicates, ultrasonic sensors measure distance by using ultrasonic waves. The sensor head emits an ultrasonic wave and receives the wave reflected from the target. The sensor measures the distance to the target by measuring the time between the emission and reception of the signal.

**Alternative:** IR sensor

**Reasons for using it:** can handle a wider range of distance and doesn't get affected by sun light.

### 3. RGB LED:

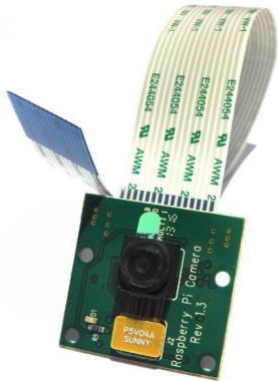


**Description:** It's an RGB (Red, Green, Blue) LED that contains the three primary colors.

**Alternative:** using a single color LED.

**Reasons for using it:** instead of using 2 different LED (Green, Red), we can use a single LED that contains those 2 colors.

### 4. Raspberry pi camera module:



**Description:** It's a module that can connect to the raspberry pi 3 without an adapters or extra components, it contains a 5MPixel camera sensor.

**Alternative:** using a USB camera.

**Reasons for using it:** there is a dedicated slot on the raspberry pi for this camera module, so I wouldn't need to occupy a USB port for the camera.

5. 9g micro servo:



**Description:** A small 9 grams' motor to control the gate at the entrance.

6. Jumper wires:



**Description:** used to connect all the components to the Raspberry pi 3 pins.

## 7. LCD display:



**Description:** A small programmable LCD screen used to show the number of available spaces inside the parking lot.

## 8. QR scanner:



**Description:** A scanning device that uses laser to read both barcode and QR code.

**Alternative:** USB camera.

**Reasons for using it:** more accurate for close and further distances.

# Chapter 3

## Software and hardware design

System design:

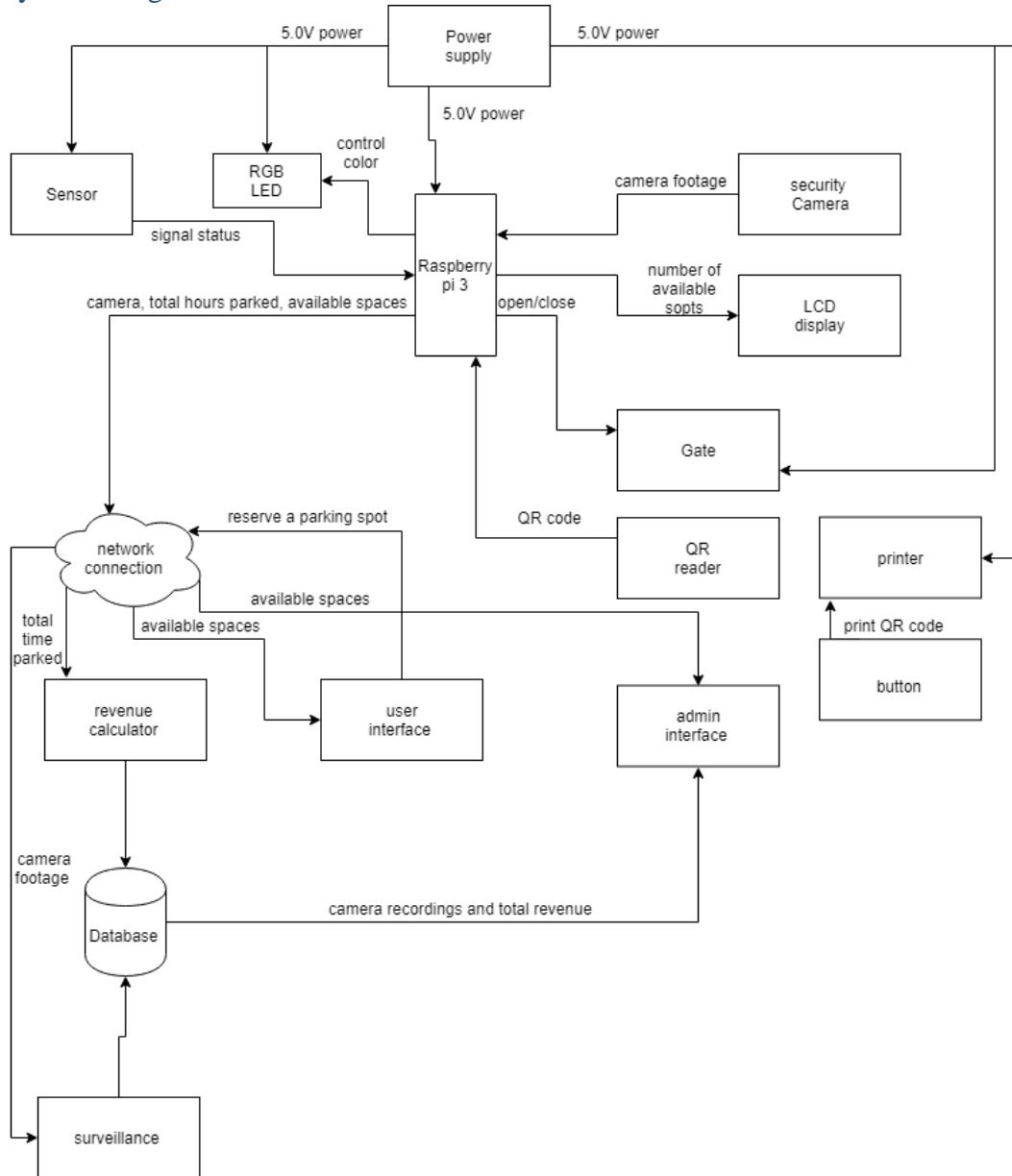


Figure 1: system block diagram

## Description:

The Raspberry pi is used as the main controller, it has multiple input and output components, the main input component is the ultrasonic sensor, which sends its signal to the raspberry pi to process. The raspberry pi controls the RGB LED depending on the signal it got from the ultrasonic sensor. The ultrasonic sensor also has an effect on the screen attached to the raspberry pi. After processing the signal from the raspberry pi, and the QR code sent from the QR reader, the number of available spaces shows up on the screen that is placed on the entrance of the parking lot.

A gate is placed at the front of the entrance, and is controlled by the raspberry pi, depending on whether the owner has reservation, or if there is an available space inside the parking lot. If the user didn't have a reservation, they can press a button on the entrance and get a QR code printed out to them.

The last hardware input to the raspberry pi is the security camera which sends the footage to the pi to be processed and sent to storage.

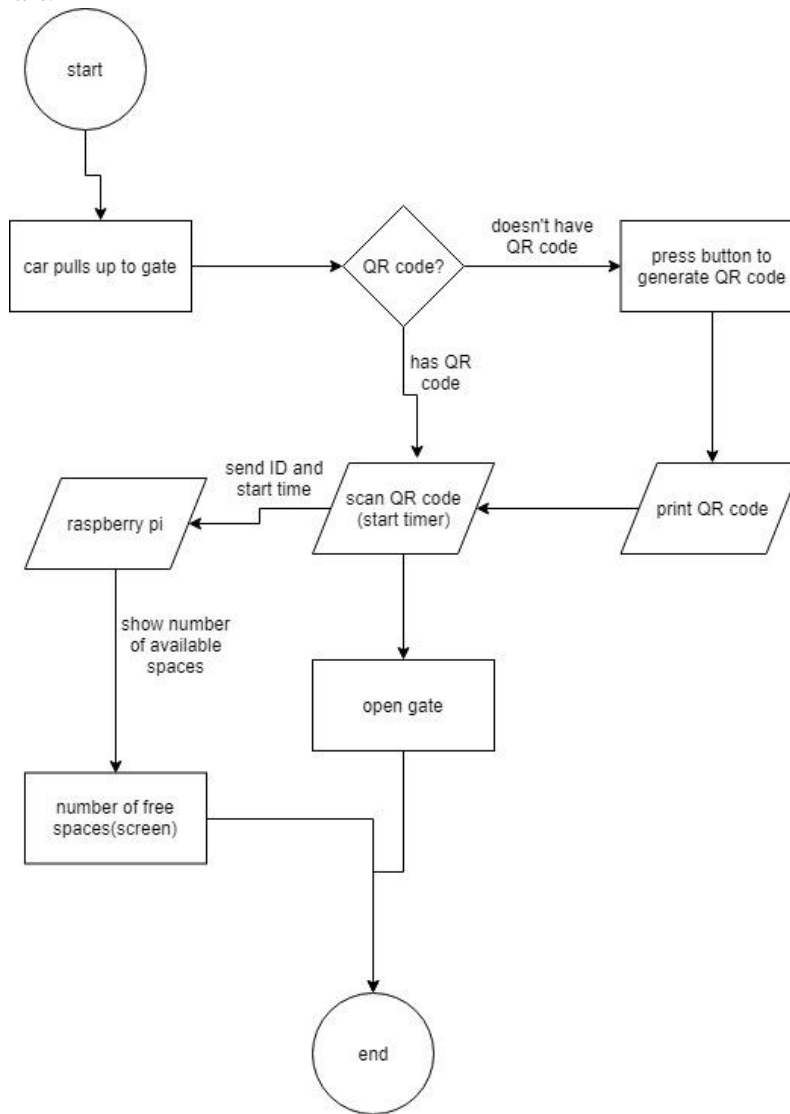
The raspberry pi is connected to the internet, and it has different types of data being sent back and forth between the website and the raspberry pi, such as the camera footage and the total number of hours parked and the number of available spaces are all sent over the internet to the server to be processed and stored.

The total number of hours parked are processed through a function to produce the total revenue, which then is stored in a database. The camera footage goes through a function to either show live footage on the administrator's page or to store the footage in the database.

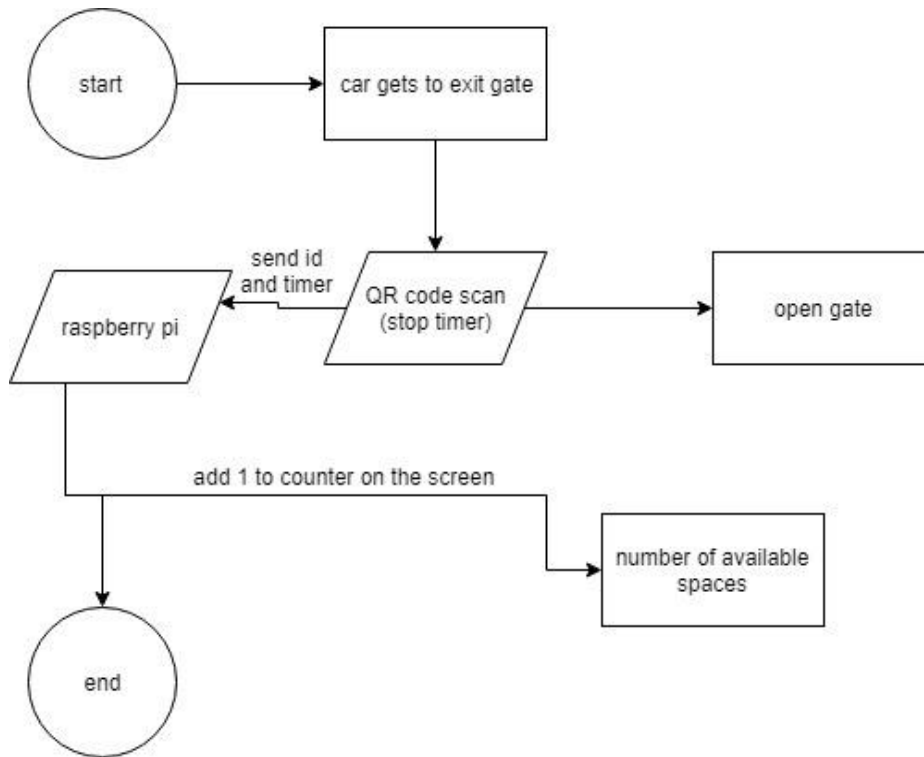
The webpage for the user shows the number of available spaces, and also gives the option to reserve a parking spot, which produces a QR code to be used at the entrance of the parking spot.

The administrator's webpage also shows the number of available spaces, and it also has the ability to access the database to view the revenue of the parking lot, and to view stored footage of the security cameras, it also has the ability to view live footage from the parking lot.

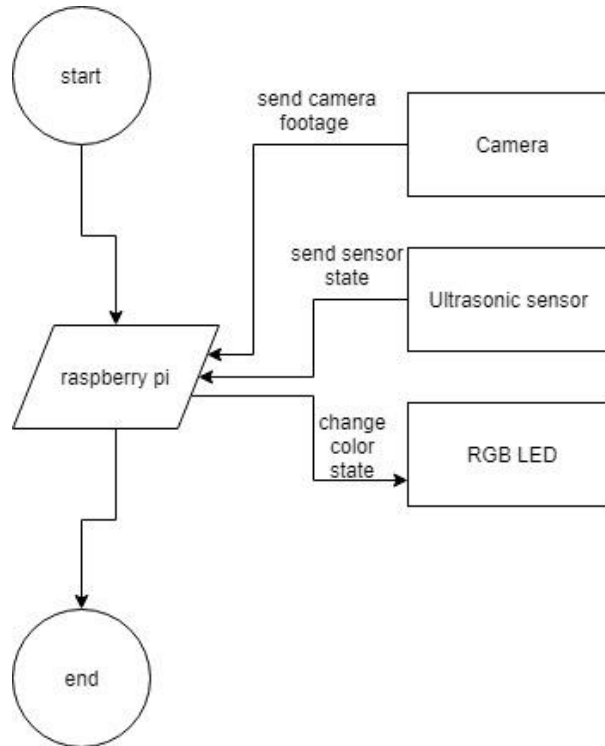
Hardware flow chart:



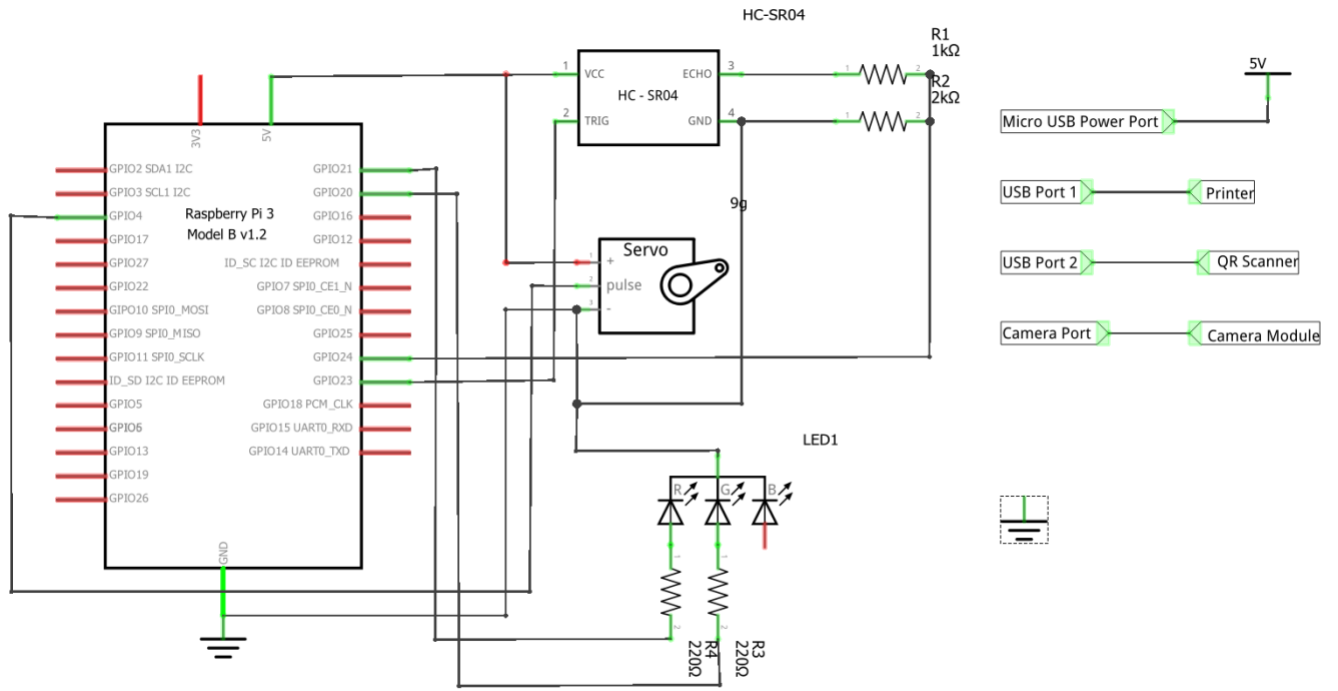
*Figure 2: car entering flow chart.*



*Figier 3: car exiting*



*Figier 4: parking lot*



Fieger 5: schematic diagram

## Software design:

Actor: this system has two actor

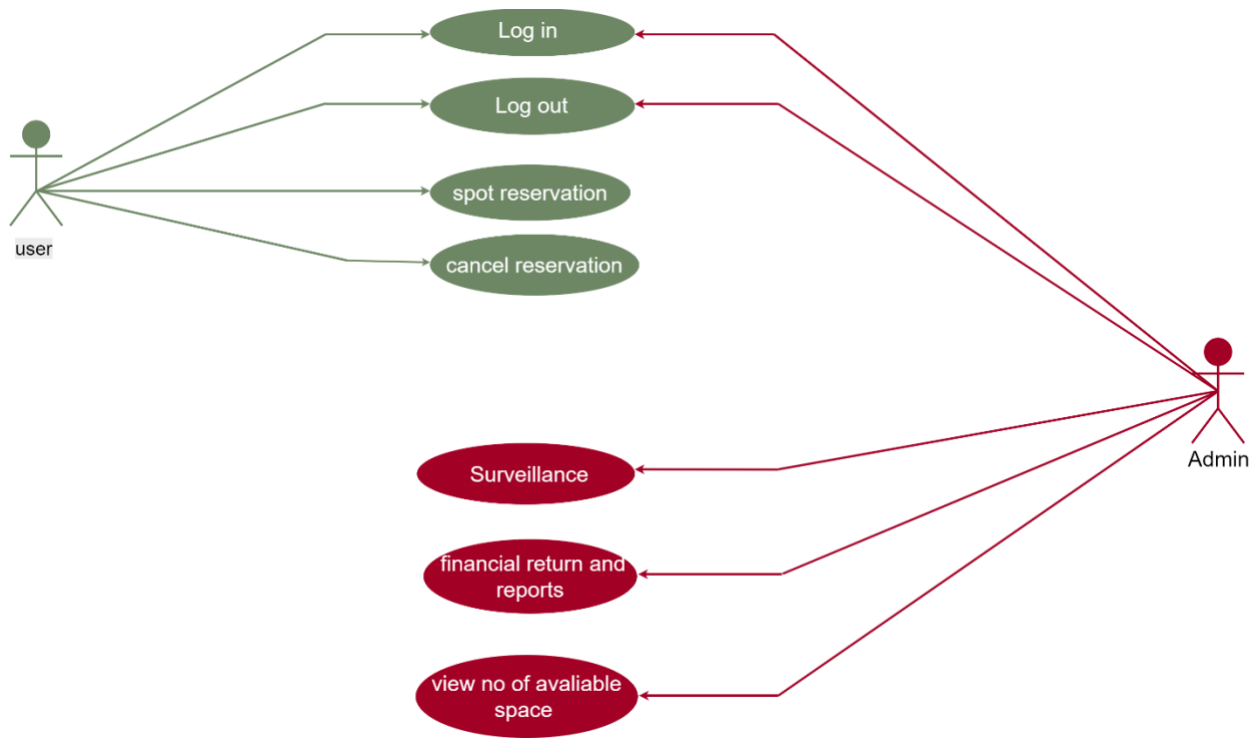
1. Admin
2. User

### Functional Requirements for Admin:

1. show the number of free spaces:  
shows the number of available spaces in the parking lot.
2. Show Surveillance cameras:  
The admin can watch the camera recordings or live stream them.
3. Shows the financial returns and reports:  
The administrator can view the financial returns for a day, a month, or a year.
4. Log in to the system:  
The administrator need to log in to access the system
5. Log out from the system:  
When the administrator is finished with their work on the system, they have the ability to log out from their account.

### Functional Requirements User:

1. Log in:  
The user need to have an account to be able to reserve a parking space
2. Log out:  
The user has the ability to log out from their account.
3. See number of position:  
Any user, whether they are logged on or off, can view the number of available spaces.
4. Reserve position:  
The logged on user has the ability to reserve a parking spot for up to 30 minutes.
5. Cancel reservation:  
The user can cancel the reservation before the 30 minutes are up.



*Figure 6: Use-case diagram:*

Use-cases descriptions:

*Admin Use case:*

Use Case	Login
Primary Actor	Admin
Goal in Context	Allow the admin to access the system
Precondition	The administrator must have a valid username and password to login
Trigger	The admin requires access to the system
Scenario	1-The admin goes to the login page 2-The admin enter their username and password 3-The site validates the username and password before granting them access to the system
Exception	The admin enters an invalid username or password

*Table 1: Admin – Login*

Use Case	Log out
Primary Actor	Admin
Goal in Context	Disconnect from the system
Precondition	The admin is already logged on the system
Trigger	The admin requests to logout
Scenario	1-The admin select the “log out” button from the website
Exception	The admin is not logged on.

*Table 2: Admin – Log out*

Use Case	Surveillance cameras
Primary Actor	Admin
Goal in Context	view the records of the cameras
Precondition	The admin has to be logged on
Trigger	The admin requires access to the security system
Scenario	After logging in, the admin select camera from the navigation bar. The admin gets transferred to the surveillance page to either view a live feed or view the recordings.
Exception	The admin isn’t logged on.

*Table 3: Admin – Surveillance cameras*

Use Case	show the number of free spaces
Primary Actor	Any user
Goal in Context	View free places in the park
Precondition	Have internet connection
Trigger	Go to the home page
Scenario	The user goes to the webpage to view the available spaces.
Exception	There is no internet connection to reach the site.

*Table 4: Admin – show the number of free spaces*

Use Case	Financial return
Primary Actor	Admin
Goal in Context	View earnings daily, monthly, or yearly
Precondition	Login to access the page of the Financial return
Trigger	Admin requests the financials page from the menu bar.
Scenario	1-The admin access the Financial return 2-View the earnings every day, month, or year
Exception	No internet connection.

*Table 5: Admin – Financial return*

*User Use case:*

Use Case	Log in
Primary Actor	User
Goal in Context	Enable user to access to the system
Precondition	The user has a valid username and password and is not already logged in
Trigger	The user requires access to the system for reserve position or unreserved position or see the number of position.
Scenario	1-The user select log in from the home page in website. 2-the user enter their username and password 3-the site enable access to the system according to access control
Exception	The user enters invalid username and password

*Table 6: User – Log in*

Use Case	Log out
Primary Actor	User
Goal in Context	The user needs to log out from the website.
Precondition	The user is already logged in to the website .
Trigger	The user requests to log out
Scenario	The user clicks on “log out” button from the menu bar
Exception	The user doesn’t have an account in the website.

*Table 7: User – Log out*

Use Case	Reserve position
Primary Actor	User
Goal in Context	Reserve a spot before getting to the physical location.
Precondition	The user has an account in the website and is already logged in
Trigger	The user request a parking spot prior to getting to the physical location
Scenario	1-The user log in the website. 2-the user check if the park has a position or not 3- if the park has position the user reserve it else the website display message to the user “Sorry we don’t have a space” and user log out from the website. 4-after the user choose reserved the position it determines the time he needs to arrive until the park. 5-after it reserved position the website display image for QR code and the user download from his mobile. 6-the use Log out from the website.
Exception	The user don’t has internet.

*Table 8: User – Reserve position*

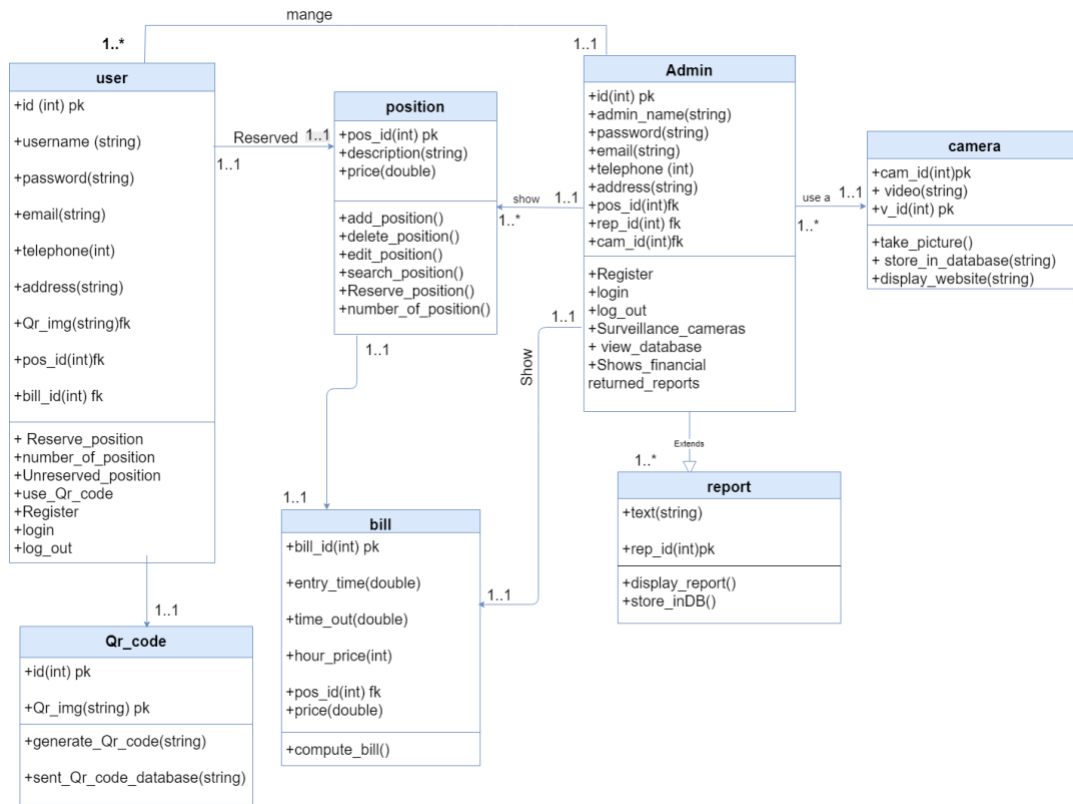
Use Case	Cancel reservation
Primary Actor	User
Goal in Context	Cancel reservation before the expiration time is out.
Precondition	The user has a reservation
Trigger	The user requests to cancel the reservation form the website.
Scenario	1-The user log in the website. 2-The user go to the reserved menu. 3-the user clicks on the cancel reservation button. 4-afef clicking on the cancel but, a message box show asking if the user is sure they want to cancel their reservation. 5-the user clicks on “Yes”.
Exception	The user doesn’t has a reserved position.

*Table 9: User – Cancel reservation*

Use Case	See number of position
Primary Actor	User
Goal in Context	The users want the check the number of available spaces before going the physical location.
Precondition	Have internet connection
Trigger	The user goes the main web page
Scenario	1-The user log in the website. 2-the user checks if the parking lot has a free space or not
Exception	The user doesn’t have an internet connection,

*Table 10: User – See number of position*

*System classes:*



*Figure 7: System classes*

Mapping:

Described for each table:

- User: the table contain this information:
  - id: a unique integer value of a user and it's the primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - username: a string value for the user .
  - password: a string value to the password for the user, through this value the user can enter on the parking website.
  - email: a string value for the user.
  - telephone: an integer value for the user.
  - address: a string value for the user.
  - Qr\_img: a string value (image) for the user, the user use it for to inter in the parking, and it's a foreign key of this table.
  - pos\_id: an integer value for the position on the parking, and it's a foreign key of this table.
  - bill\_id: an integer value for the bill and it's a foreign key of this table.
  
- Qr\_code: the table contain this information:
  - id: a unique integer value for the Qr\_code, and it's the primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - Qr\_img: a string value for (Qr\_code) and the website save it on the user mobile, and user use it when he enters the parking.
  
- position: the table contain this information:
  - pos\_id: a unique integer value for the position on the parking, and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - description: a string value for a position and it's tell the user description about his position like (in any floor, and the time of booking end).
  - price: a double value for the bill, it tell the user how much he must to pay, for the booking.
  
- bill: the table contain this information:
  - bill\_id: a unique integer value for the bill and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - entry\_time: a double value for time when the car enter in the parking.
  - time\_out: a double value for the time when the car out of the parking.
  - hour\_price: an integer value for price booking in hour.

- pos\_id: an integer value for the position on the parking, and it's a foreign key of this table.
- price : a double value for the bill, and its compute the price for booking and it display to the user how much he pay.
- camera: the table contain this information:
  - cam\_id: a unique integer value for each camera and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - v\_id: a unique integer value for each video the camera takes it, and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - video: a string value for recording video, the cameras on the parking takes it and store it in the database.
- report: the table contain this information:
  - rep\_id: a unique integer value for each report and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - text: a string value for the report, and its describe the all information about the financial return, it stores in database, the admin see it any time, and its be for a week, month or year.
- Admin: the table contain this information:
  - id: a unique integer value for each admin and its primary key of this table (auto-increment).
  - admin\_name: a string value for the admin.
  - password: a string value for the admin, through this value the admin can enter on the system.
  - email: a string value for the admin.
  - telephone: an integer value for the admin.
  - address: a string value for the admin.
  - pos\_id: an integer value for the position on the parking, admin use it to access to position, and it's a foreign key of this table.
  - cam\_id: an integer value for each camera, admin use it to display a special video if any problem its happen and its foreign key of this table.
  - rep\_id: an integer value for each report, admin use it to allow the reports and its foreign key of this table.

*Database tables:*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	PK	FK	default
Id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-
username	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
password	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
Email	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
telephone	Int	20	No	No	No	No	-
Address	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
Qr_img	String	50	No	No	Yes	No	-
pos_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	Yes	-
bill_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	Yes	-

*Table 11: User Table in database*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	default
Id	Int	10	No	Yes	yes	No	-
Qr_img	String	50	No	No	yes	No	-

*Table 12: Qr\_code table in database*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	default
bill_id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-
entry_time	Double	10	No		No	No	-
time_out	Double	10	No		No	No	-
hour_price	Int	10	No	No	No	No	-
pos_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	Yes	-
Price	Double	20	No	No	No	No	-

*Table 13: Bill table in database*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	default
pos_id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-
description	String	50	No	No	No	No	-
Price	Double	20	No	No	No	No	-

*Table 14: Position table in database*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	Default
text	String	100	No	No	No	No	-
rep_id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-

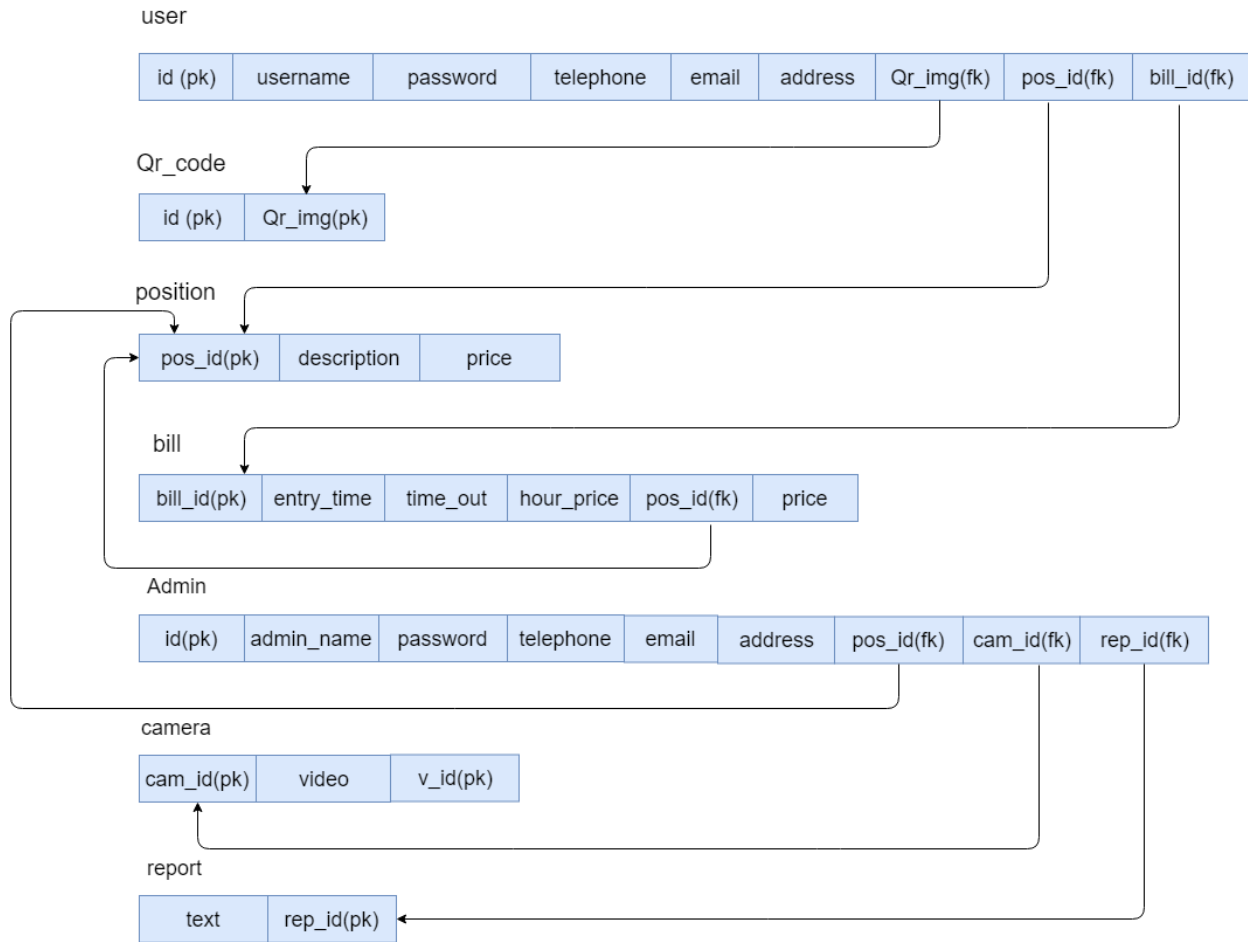
*Table 15: Report table in database*

Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	Default
id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-
admin_name	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
password	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
email	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
telephone	Int	20	No	No	No	No	-
address	String	40	No	No	No	No	-
pos_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	yes	-
rep_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	Yes	-
cam_id	Int	10	No	Yes	No	Yes	-

*Table 16: Admin table in database*

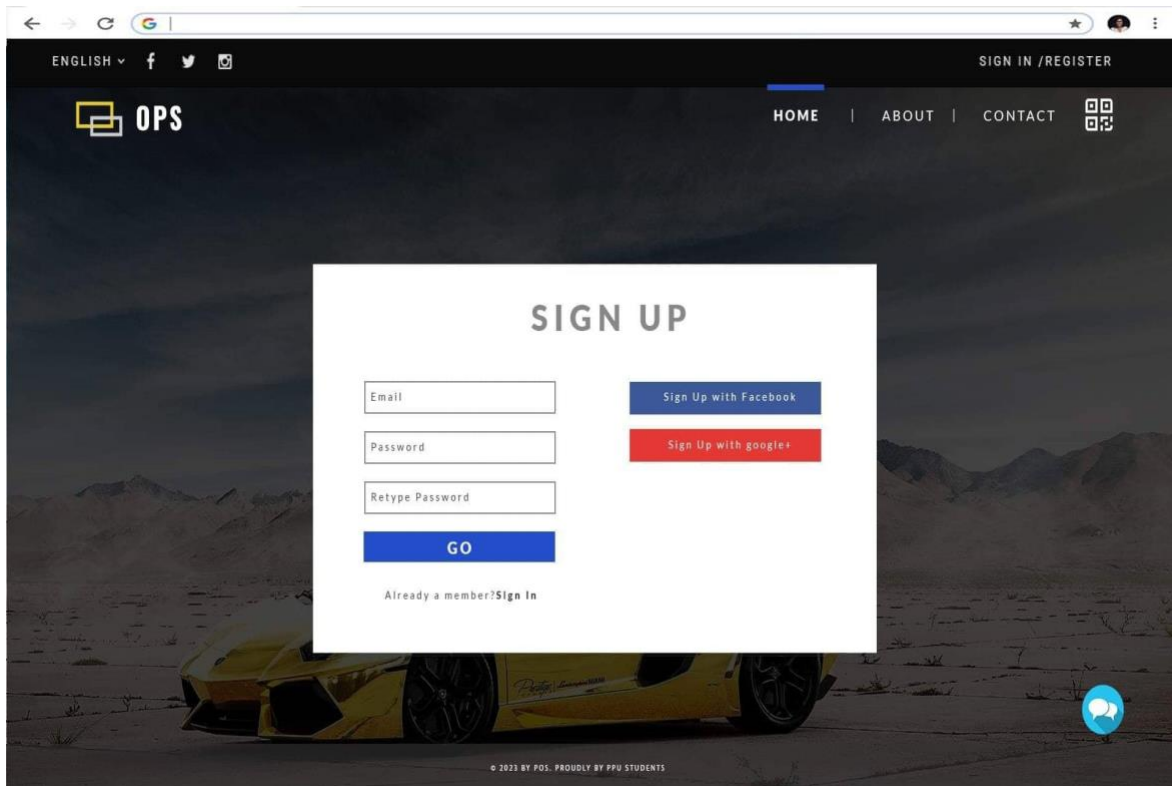
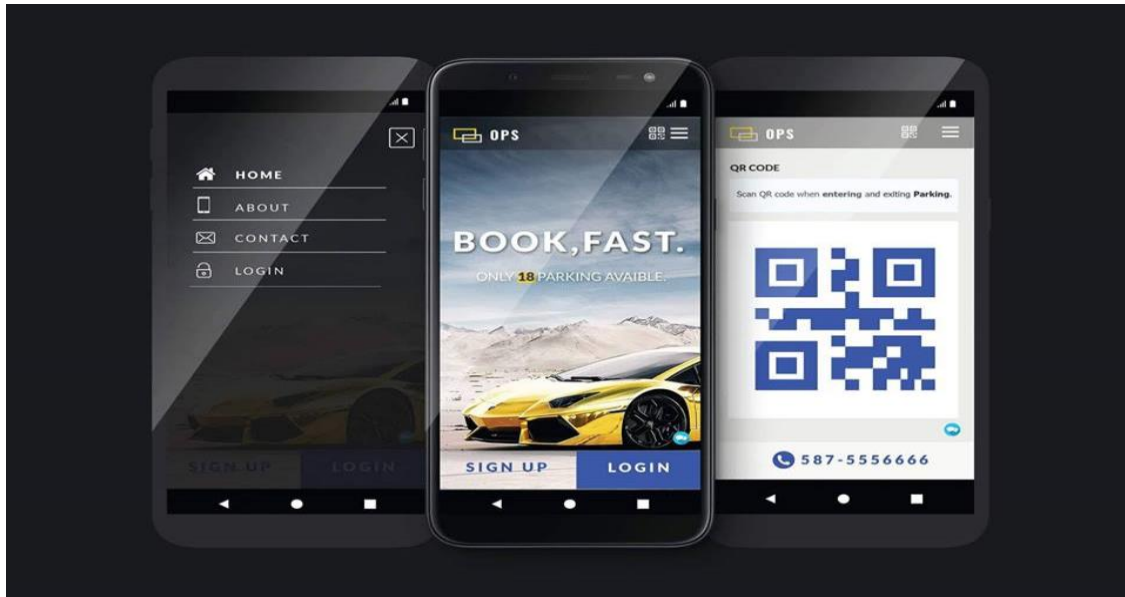
Name	Type	Length	Null	Auto increment	Pk	Fk	Default
cam_id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-
video	String	100	No	No	No	No	-
v_id	Int	10	No	Yes	Yes	No	-

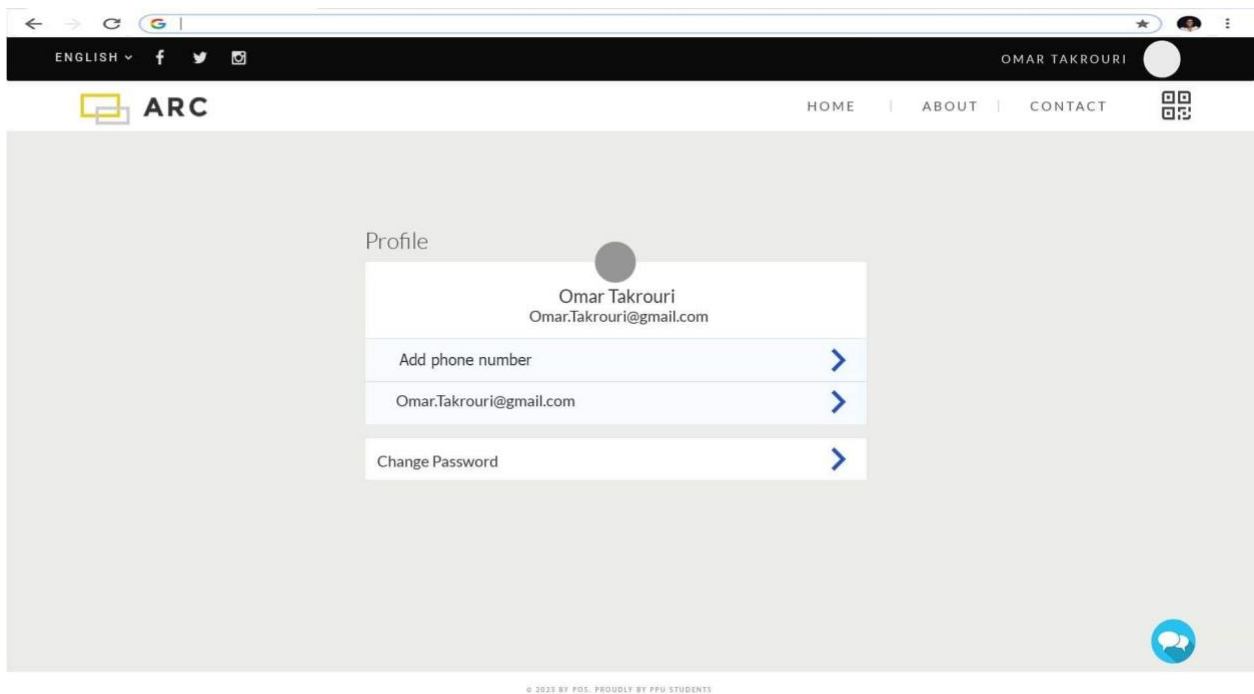
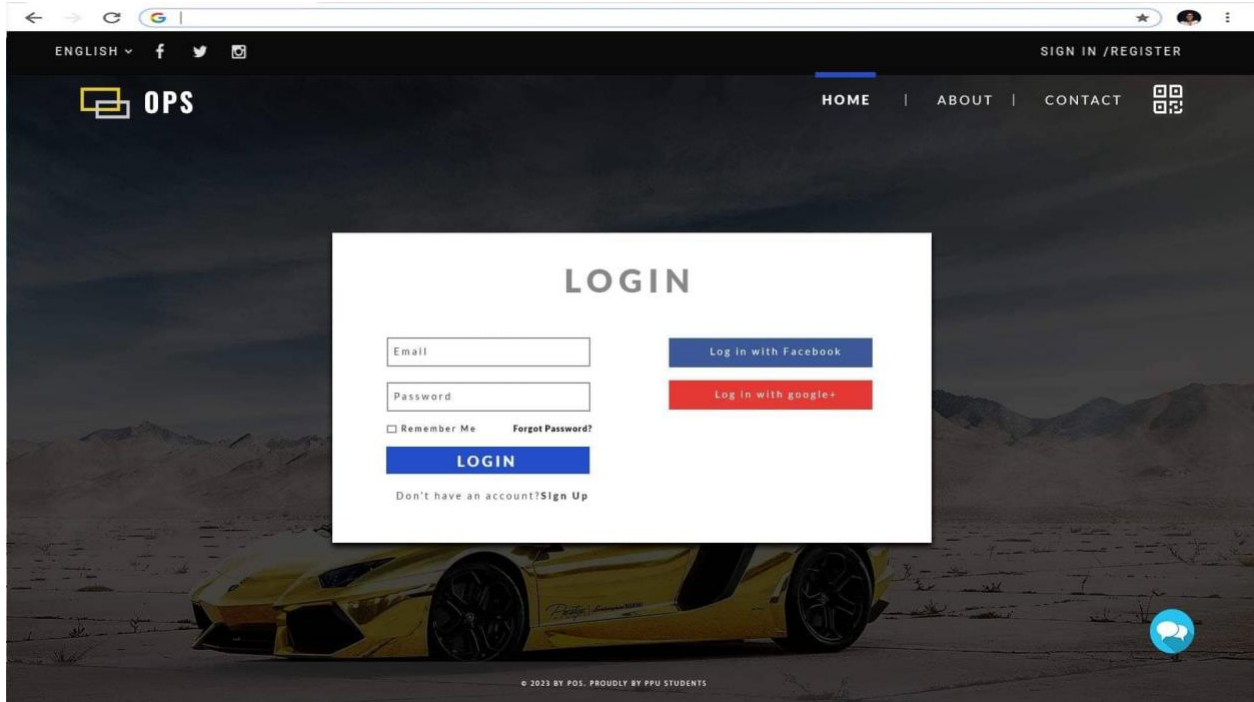
*Table 17: Camera table in database*



*Figure 8: Relation between the database table:*

Layout:





ENGLISH | f | t | i | SIGN IN / REGISTER

**ARC** | HOME | ABOUT | CONTACT

## Send Us Message

If you have any concerns, Send us an email and we will reply to you within two business day. you can also contact us at 587-555-6666

Name:  Email:

Phone:  Subject:

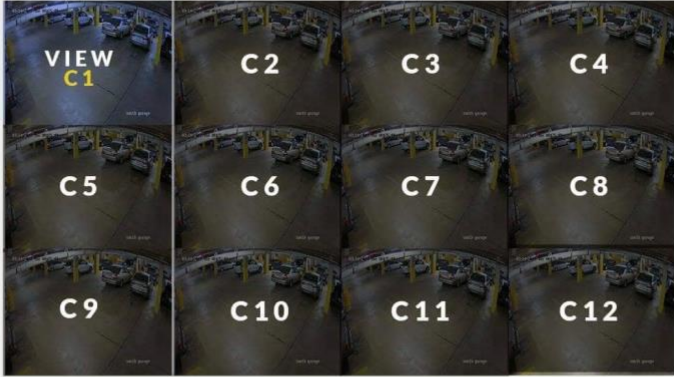
Message:

**SEND**

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ENGLISH | f | t | i | ADMIN INTERFACE

**OPS** | HOME | CAMERAS | REVENUES



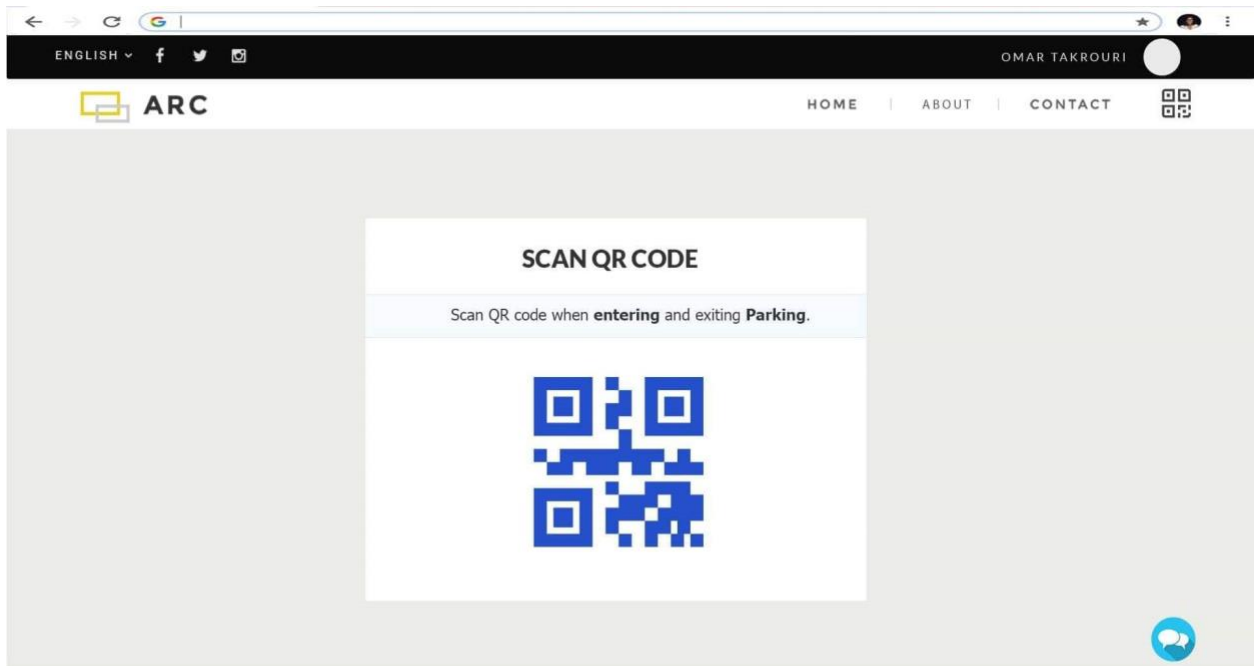
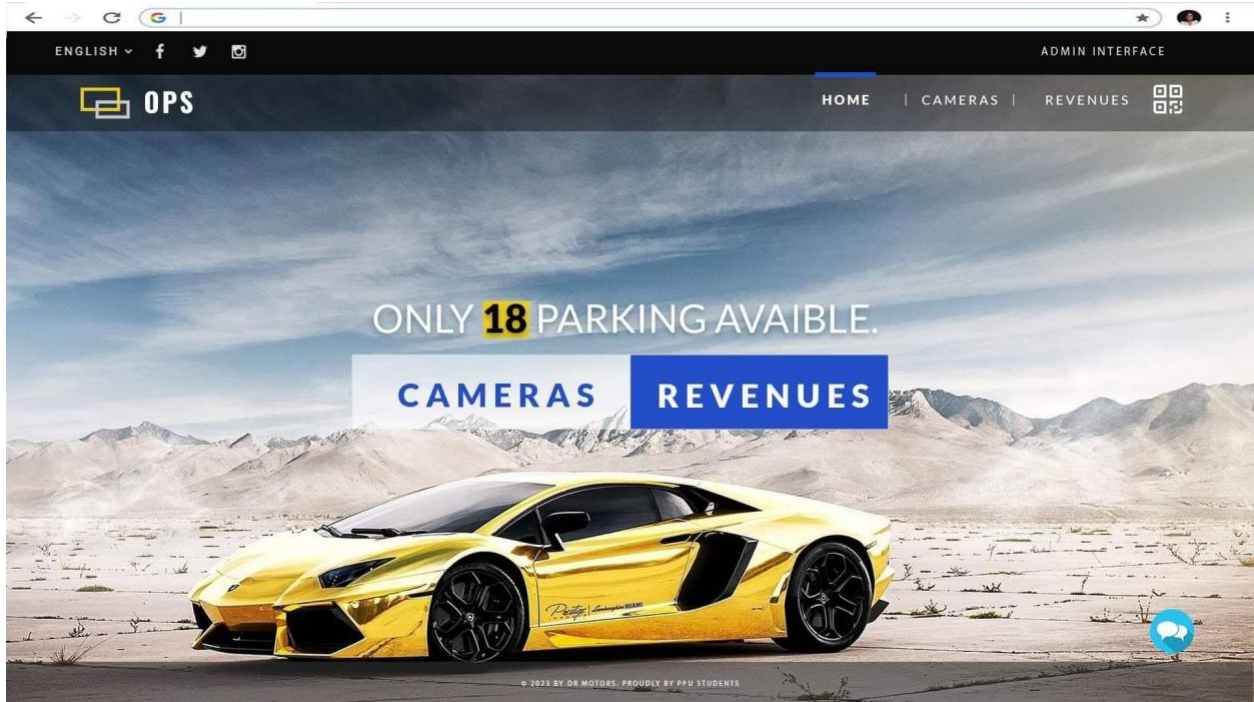
**VIEW C1**

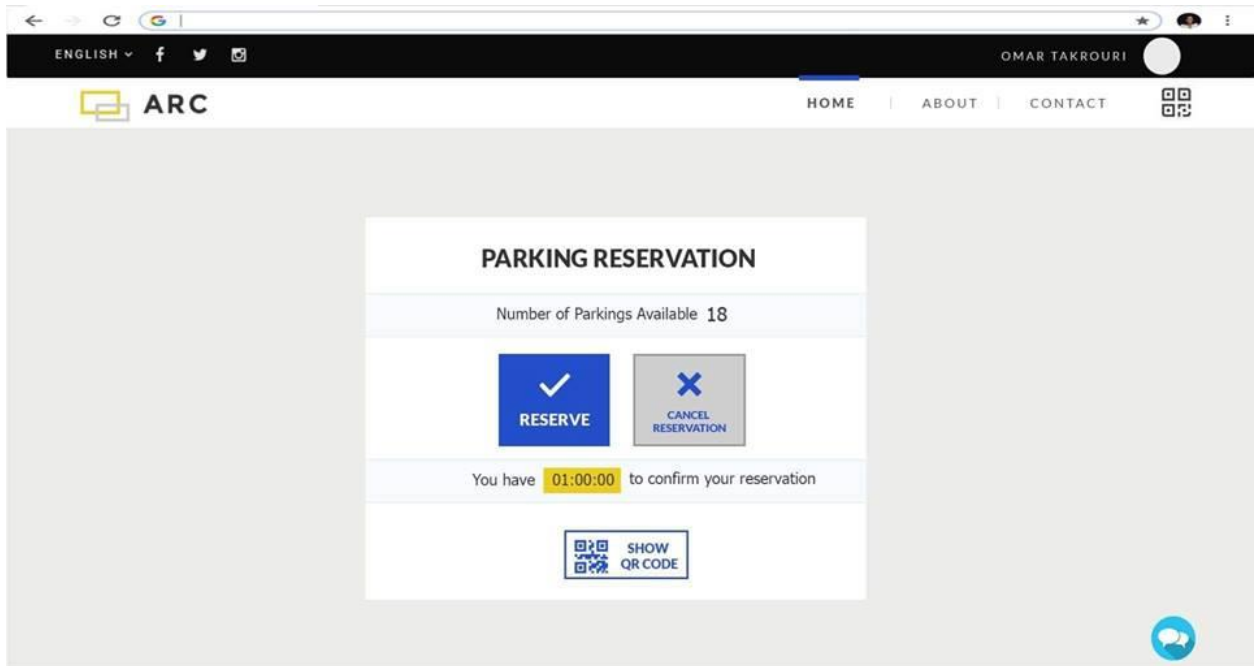
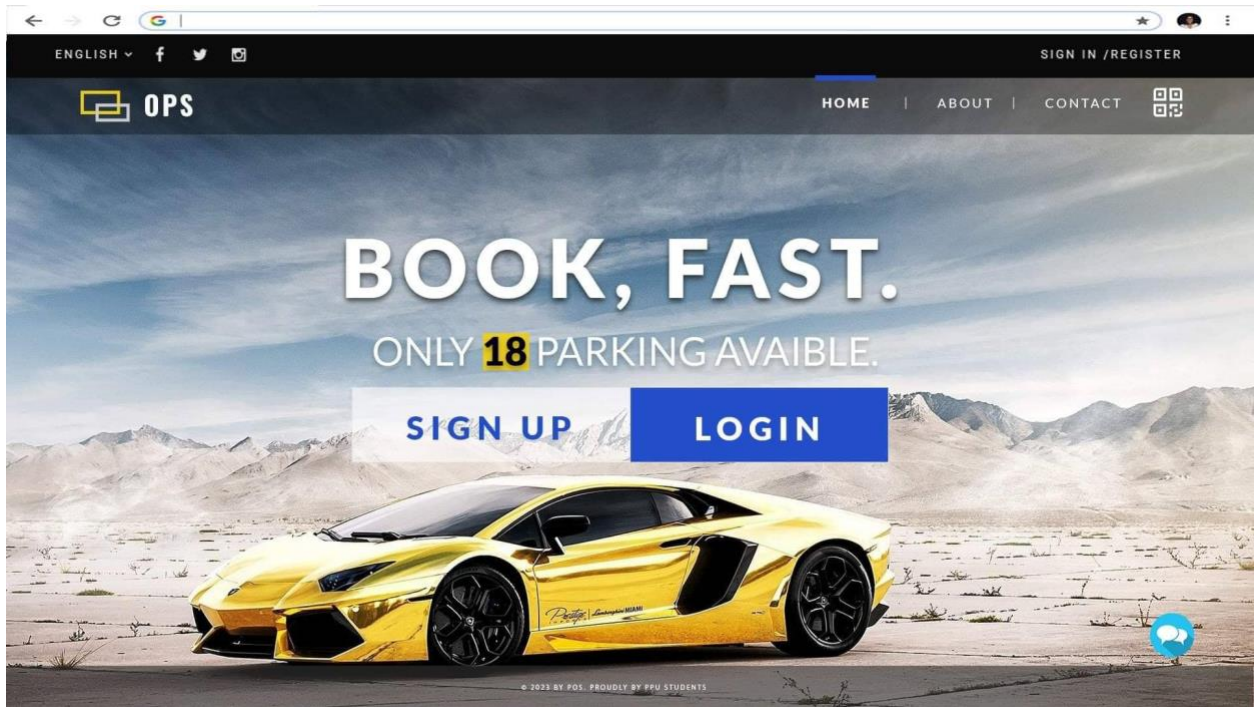
C2 C3 C4

C5 C6 C7 C8

C9 C10 C11 C12

**VIEW RECORDED FOOTAGE**






OPS

QR CODE

Scan QR code when **entering** and exiting **Parking**.



587-5556666

HOME

ABOUT

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LOGIN

SIGN UP LOGIN

OPS

**BOOK, FAST.**

ONLY **18** PARKING AVAIBLE.



SIGN UP LOGIN

# Chapter 5: system testing and implantation.

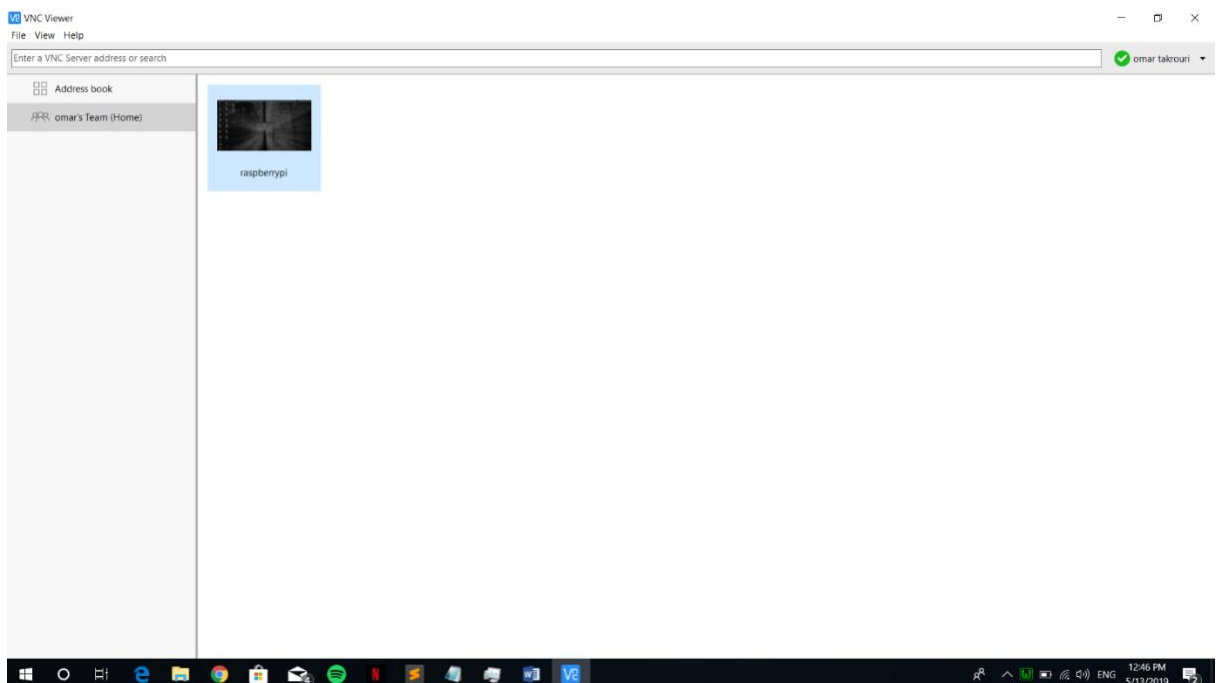
## Overview:

In this chapter we will describe the setup of development environment, and the software that we have used in our project, such as the operating system, the IDEs that have been used to build the project codes either on the master and slave units of the system, and the set of tools that needed to implement the system. In addition, we will describe how we test and debug the system over the milestones of the implementation.

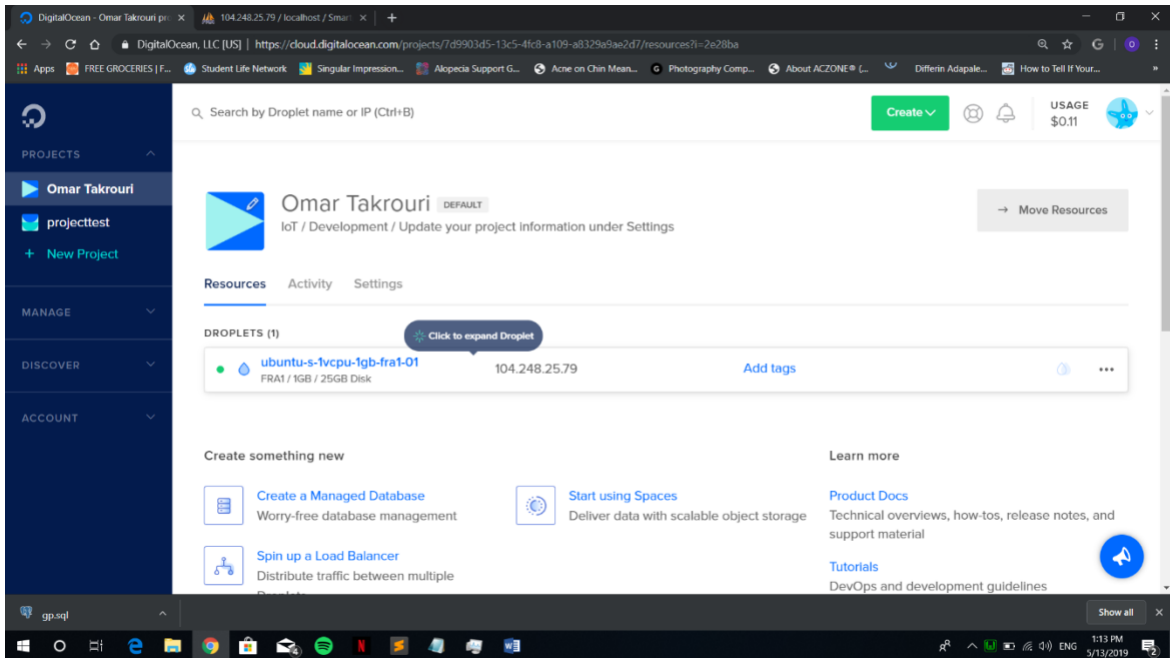
## Implementation requirements

The requirements of system implementation summarized as follows:

1. Raspbian: is the operating system installed on the raspberry pi, it's the most common os used for this micro controller, and it provides a lot of features that could be used in all types of project. It contains a text editor that is usable for most of the programming languages.
2. VNC viewer: is a software installed on both the computer and the raspberry pi, its used to view the raspberry pi interface from the computer. It makes it easier to access the raspberry pi, instead of connecting it to a monitor and having to stay in one place. The program can work in a local network, or it can be viewed from other networks when logged in with an email account.

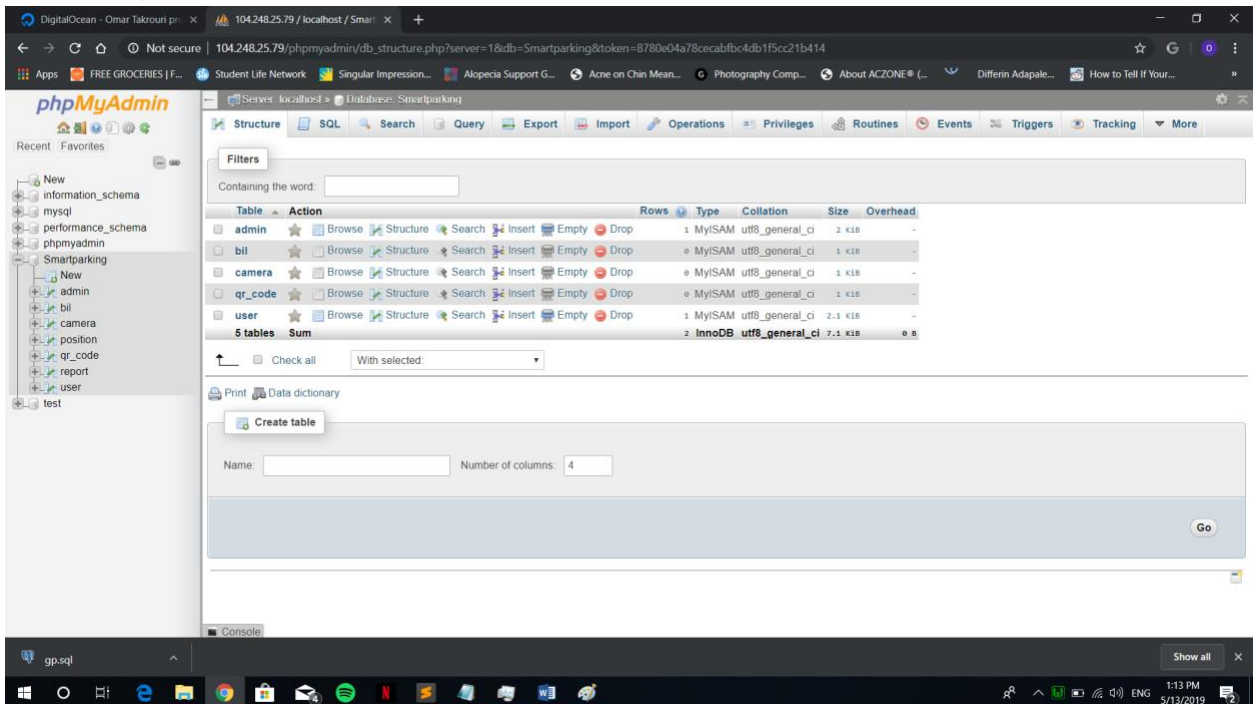






Digitaloceans uses MYSQL, but doesn't use PHPmyadmin, so using Ubuntu we need to install PHPmyadmin.

To access it, we need to enter the IP address in the URL address bar.



# Chapter 6: future work and Conclusion

## Future work:

For future work, we hope to get this project implemented in real life. Some of the changes that would have to be made to the project would be changing the raspberry pi and using a suitable BLC capable of handling real life implantation. But the fundamentals would still be the same as our project and out prototype.

## Overall Evaluation

We are beginners in this field, and we have begun to learn all the necessary technologies from scratch, hoping to gather the maximum collection of information, for use in the implementation of a prototype that capable of meeting the system requirements. Indeed, we succeeded in implementing most of the requirements, but because of the lack of time - not suitable for us as beginners - we were unable to put up an independent and comprehensive prototype efficiently, and also the most critical issue is our inability to provide all the necessary components to implement whole project and test all required features with different possibilities, in addition to the trial and error process is relatively expensive for us as students, because they need more than one model for each component, and we have not been able to get the university support that requires complicated procedures, which we were unable to follow and adhere to, so we have a limited scope of implementation and testing.

## Conclusion

The main goal of our project is to develop a system that will make the experience of parking much easier to the user. This goal will be achieved by gathering the suitable hardware components and develop a friendly software that has a good and interactive graphical user interface (GUI). As well as making it easier in the field