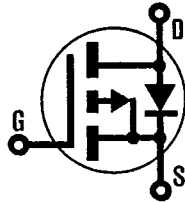


HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRF9530



P-Channel

IRF9531

IRF9532

IRF9533

-100 Volt, 0.3 Ohm HEXFET TO-220AB Plastic Package

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and extreme device ruggedness.

The P-Channel HEXFETs are designed for applications which require the convenience of reverse polarity operation. They retain all of the features of the more common N-Channel HEXFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and excellent temperature stability. The P-Channel IRF9530 device is an approximate electrical complement to the N-Channel IRF520 HEXFET.

P-Channel HEXFETs are intended for use in power stages where complementary symmetry with N-Channel devices offers circuit simplification. They are also very useful in drive stages because of the circuit versatility offered by the reverse polarity connection. Applications include motor control, audio amplifiers, switched mode converters, control circuit and pulse amplifiers.

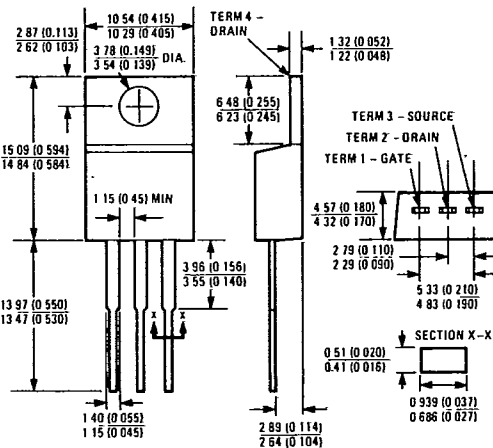
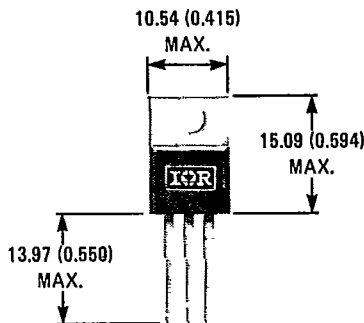
Features:

- P-Channel Versatility
- Compact Plastic Package
- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability

Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRF9530	-100V	0.30Ω	-12A
IRF9531	-60V	0.30Ω	-12A
IRF9532	-100V	0.40Ω	-10A
IRF9533	-60V	0.40Ω	-10A

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



Case Style TO-220AB
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

IRF9530, IRF9531, IRF9532, IRF9533 Devices

T-39-21

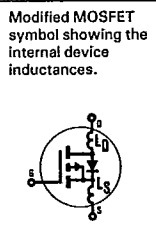
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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRF9530	IRF9531	IRF9532	IRF9533	Units
V _{DS} Drain - Source Voltage ①	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
V _{DGR} Drain - Gate Voltage (R _{GS} = 20 kΩ) ①	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
I _D @ T _C = 25°C Continuous Drain Current	-12	-12	-10	-10	A
I _D @ T _C = 100°C Continuous Drain Current	-7.5	-7.5	-6.5	-6.5	A
I _{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ③	-48	-48	-40	-40	A
V _{GS} Gate - Source Voltage	± 20				V
P _D @ T _C = 25°C Max. Power Dissipation	75		(See Fig. 14)		W
Linear Derating Factor	0.6		(See Fig. 14)		W/K④
I _{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 and 16) L = 100μH				A
T _J Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150				°C
T _{stg} Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)				°C

Electrical Characteristics @ T_C = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV _{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRF9530 IRF9532 IRF9531 IRF9533	-100 -60	-	-	V	V _{GS} = 0V I _D = -250μA
V _{GS(th)} Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	-2.0	-	-4.0	V	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = -250μA
I _{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	-	-	-500	nA	V _{GS} = -20V
I _{GSS} Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	-	-	500	nA	V _{GS} = 20V
I _{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	-	-	-250 -1000	μA	V _{DS} = Max. Rating, V _{GS} = 0V V _{DS} = Max. Rating x 0.8, V _{GS} = 0V, T _C = 125°C
I _{D(on)} On-State Drain Current ②	IRF9530 IRF9531 IRF9532 IRF9533	-12 -10	-	-	A	V _{DS} > I _{D(on)} x R _{DS(on)} max., V _{GS} = -10V
R _{DS(on)} Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	IRF9530 IRF9531 IRF9532 IRF9533	-	0.25 0.30	0.30 0.40	Ω	V _{GS} = -10V, I _D = -6.5A
g _{fs} Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	2.0	3.8	-	S (Ω)	V _{DS} > I _{D(on)} x R _{DS(on)} max., I _D = -6.5A
C _{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	-	500	700	pF	V _{GS} = 0V, V _{DS} = -25V, f = 1.0 MHz
C _{OSS} Output Capacitance	ALL	-	300	450	pF	See Fig. 10
C _{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	-	100	200	pF	
t _{d(on)} Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	-	30	60	ns	V _{DD} = 0.5 BV _{DSS} , I _D = -6.5A, Z _o = 50Ω
t _r Rise Time	ALL	-	70	140	ns	See Fig. 17
t _{d(off)} Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	-	70	140	ns	(MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)
t _f Fall Time	ALL	-	70	140	ns	
Q _g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	-	25	45	nC	V _{GS} = -15V, I _D = -15A, V _{DS} = 0.8 Max. Rating. See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Q _{gs} Gate-Source Charge	ALL	-	13	-	nC	
Q _{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	-	12	-	nC	
L _D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	-	3.5 4.5	-	nH	Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die. Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L _S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	-	7.5	-	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.



Thermal Resistance

R _{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	-	-	1.67	K/W④	
R _{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	-	-	1.0	K/W④	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased.
R _{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	-	-	80	K/W④	Typical socket mount

IRF9530, IRF9531, IRF9532, IRF9533 Devices

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

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T-39-21

I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRF9530	—	—	-12	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-10	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	—	-48	A	
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-40	A	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRF9530 IRF9531	—	—	-6.3	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -12\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		IRF9532 IRF9533	—	—	-6.0	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -10\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	—	300	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -12\text{A}, di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	—	1.8	—	μC	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -12\text{A}, di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				



- ① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C .
- ② Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).
- ④ $\text{K/W} = \text{K/W}$
 $\text{W/K} = \text{W/K}$

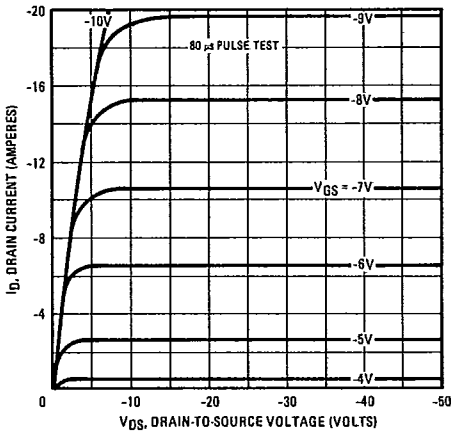


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

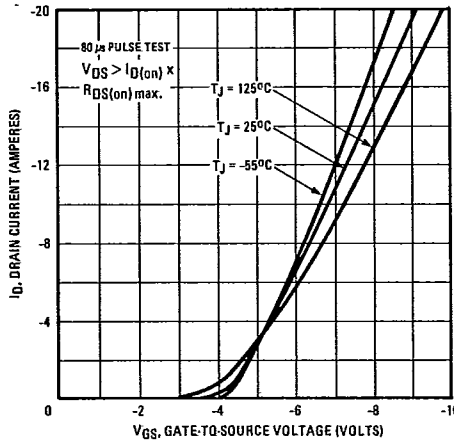


Fig. 2 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

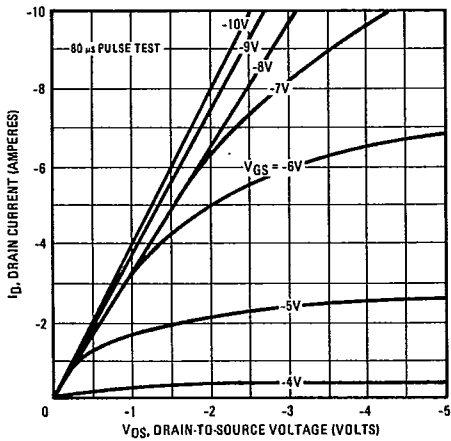


Fig. 3 - Typical Saturation Characteristics

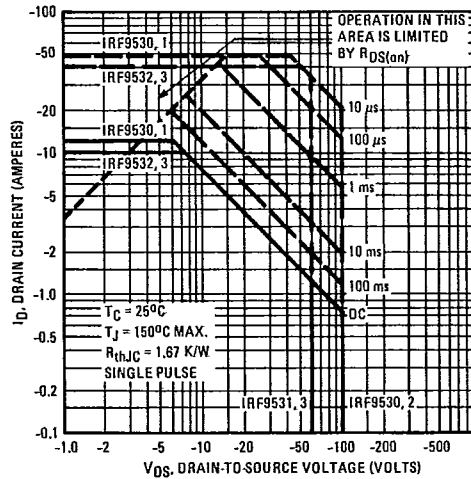


Fig. 4 - Maximum Safe Operating Area



IRF9530, IRF9531, IRF9532, IRF9533 Device

T-39-21

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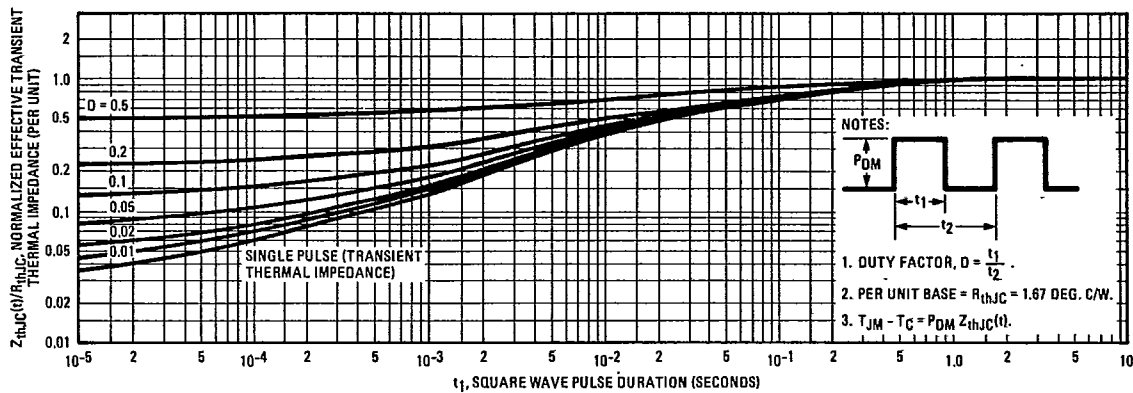


Fig. 5 – Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

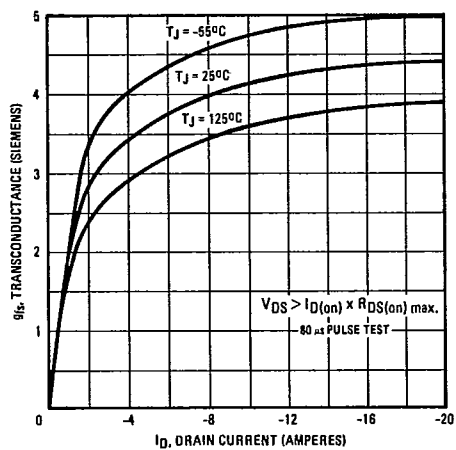


Fig. 6 – Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

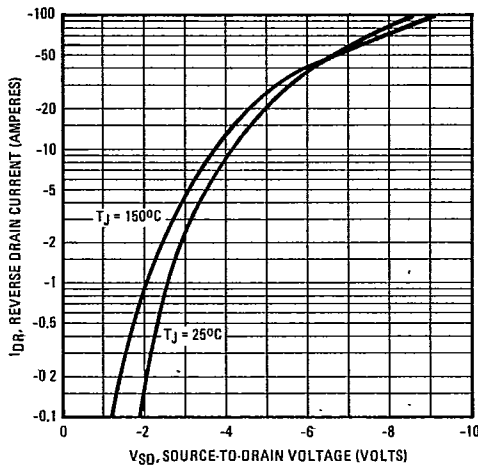


Fig. 7 – Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

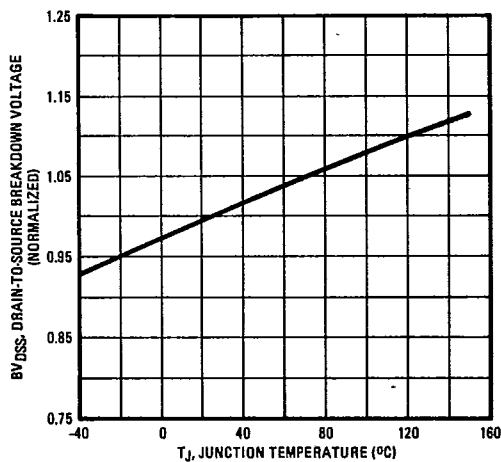


Fig. 8 – Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

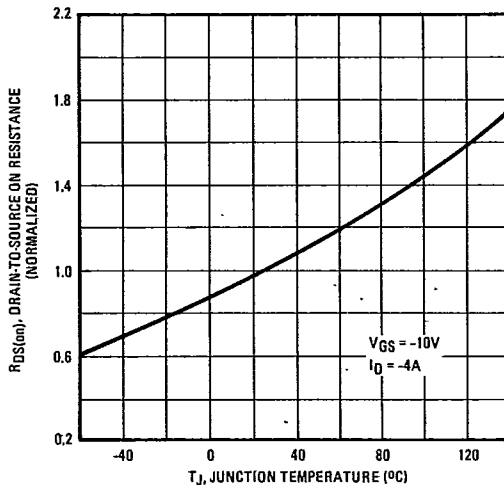


Fig. 9 – Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

IRF9530, IRF9531, IRF9532, IRF9533 Devices

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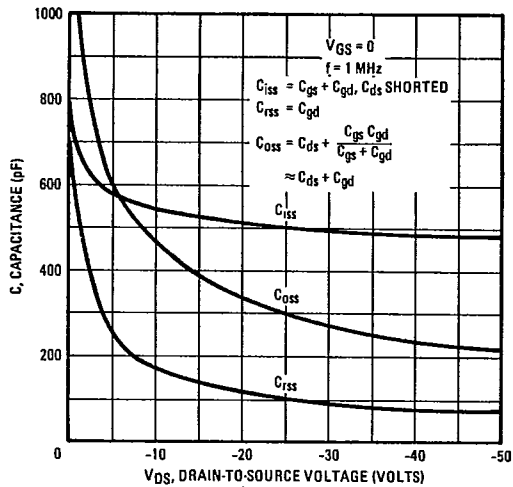


Fig. 10 - Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

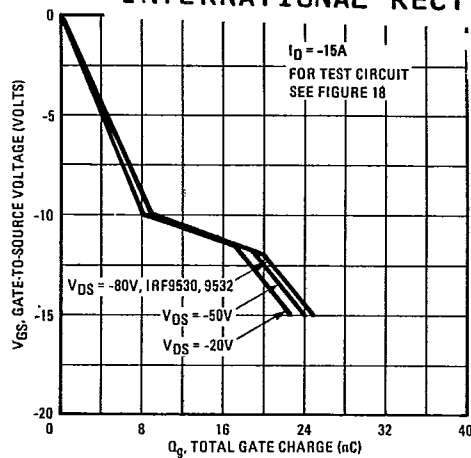


Fig. 11 - Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

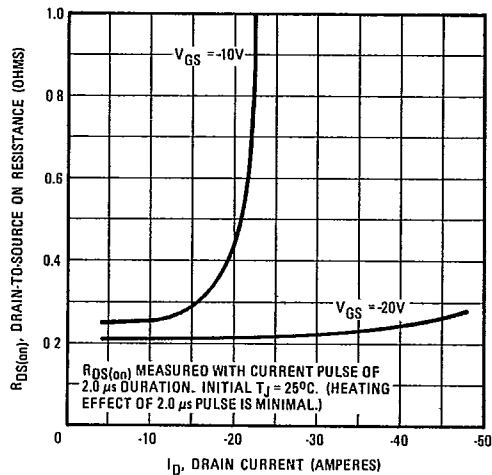


Fig. 12 - Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

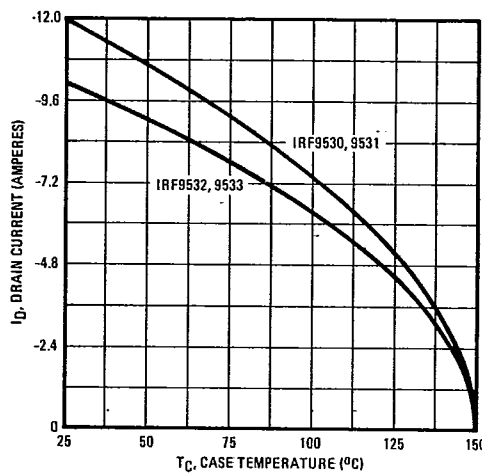


Fig. 13 - Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

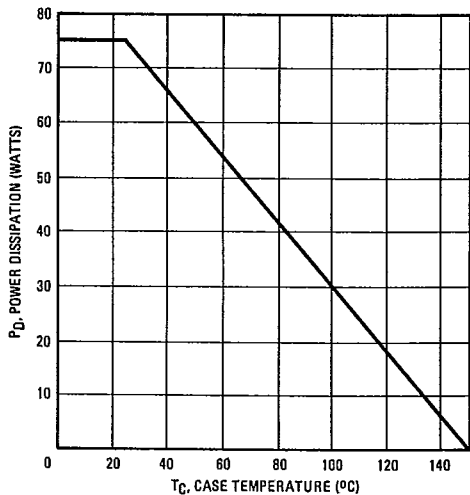


Fig. 14 - Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

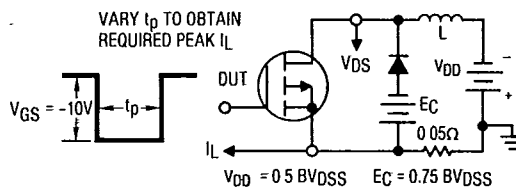


Fig. 15 - Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

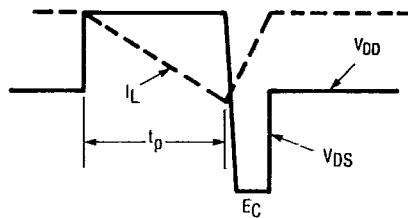


Fig. 16 - Clamped Inductive Waveforms

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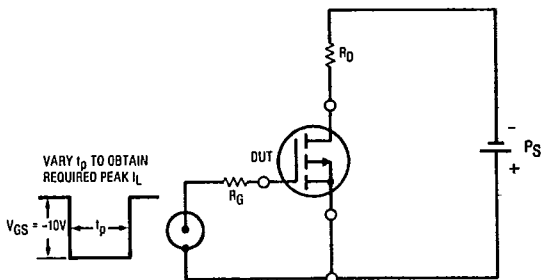


Fig. 17 - Switching Time Test Circuit

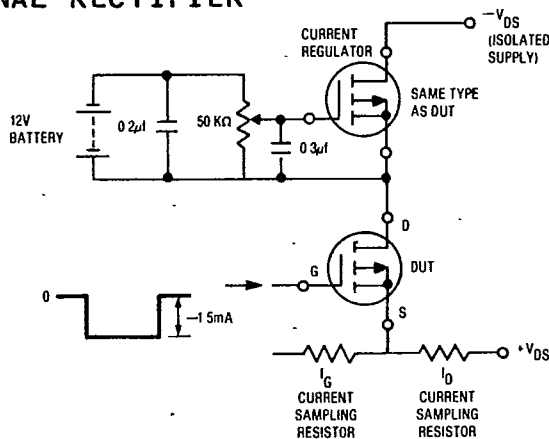
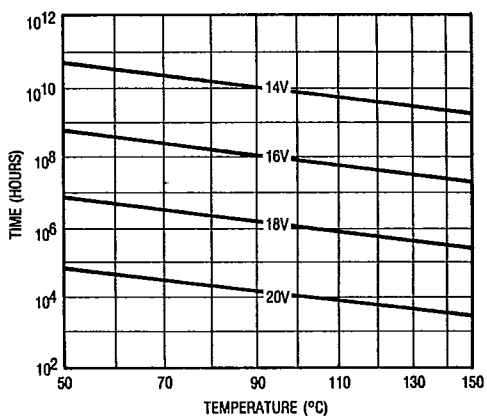
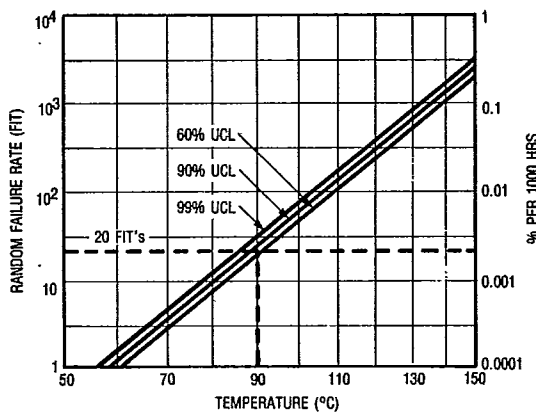


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit



*Fig. 19 - Typical Time to Accumulated 1% Failure



*Fig. 20 - Typical High Temperature Reverse Bias (HTRB) Failure Rate

*The data shown is correct as of April 15, 1987. This information is updated on a quarterly basis; for the latest reliability data, please contact your local IR field office.

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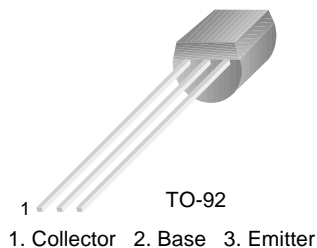
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Datasheets for electronic components.

BC327/328

Switching and Amplifier Applications

- Suitable for AF-Driver stages and low power output stages
- Complement to BC337/BC338



PNP Epitaxial Silicon Transistor

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage		
	: BC327	-50	V
	: BC328	-30	V
V_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Voltage		
	: BC327	-45	V
	: BC328	-25	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Voltage	-5	V
I_C	Collector Current (DC)	-800	mA
P_C	Collector Power Dissipation	625	mW
T_J	Junction Temperature	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
BV_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = -10\text{mA}, I_B = 0$	-45			V
			-25			V
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = -0.1\text{mA}, V_{BE} = 0$	-50			V
			-30			V
BV_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = -10\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	-5			V
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current	$V_{CE} = -45\text{V}, V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = -25\text{V}, V_{BE} = 0$		-2	-100	nA
				-2	-100	nA
h_{FE1}	DC Current Gain	$V_{CE} = -1\text{V}, I_C = -100\text{mA}$	100		630	
h_{FE2}		$V_{CE} = -1\text{V}, I_C = -300\text{mA}$	40			
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = -500\text{mA}, I_B = -50\text{mA}$			-0.7	V
$V_{BE}(\text{on})$	Base-Emitter On Voltage	$V_{CE} = -1\text{V}, I_C = -300\text{mA}$			-1.2	V
f_T	Current Gain Bandwidth Product	$V_{CE} = -5\text{V}, I_C = -10\text{mA}, f = 20\text{MHz}$		100		MHz
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance	$V_{CB} = -10\text{V}, I_E = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$		12		pF

h_{FE} Classification

Classification	16	25	40
h_{FE1}	100 ~ 250	160 ~ 400	250 ~ 630
h_{FE2}	60-	100-	170-

Typical Characteristics

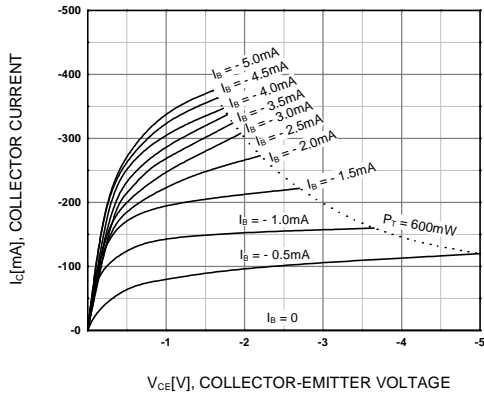


Figure 1. Static Characteristic

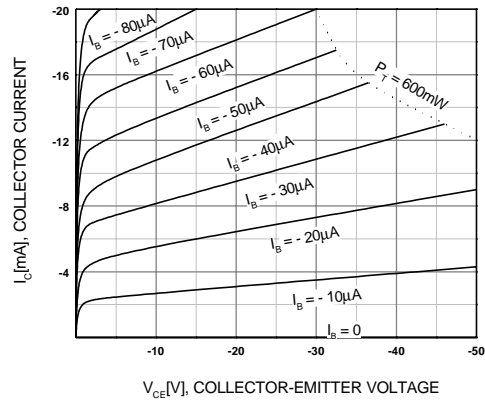


Figure 2. Static Characteristic

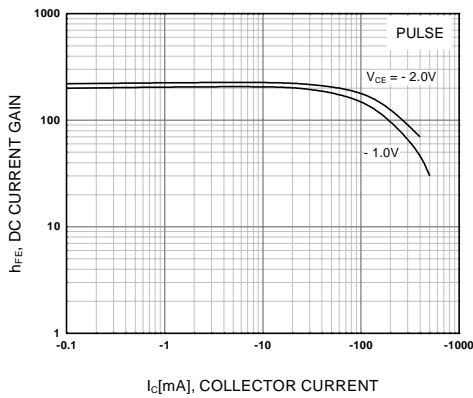


Figure 3. DC current Gain

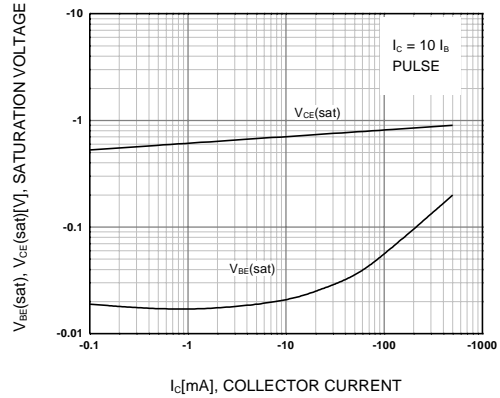


Figure 4. Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

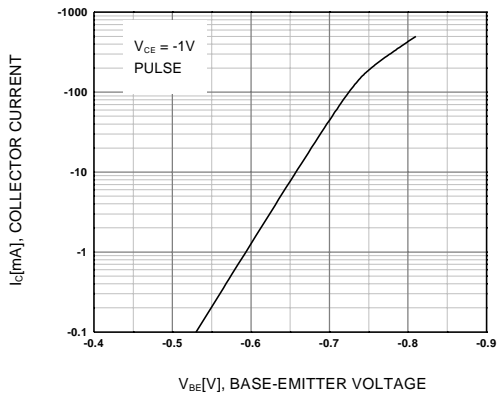


Figure 5. Base-Emitter On Voltage

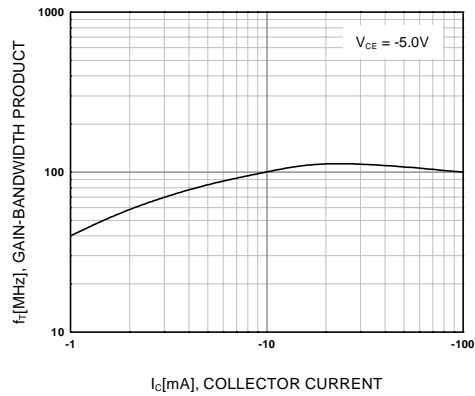


Figure 6. Gain Bandwidth Product

Package Dimensions

TO-92



Dimensions in Millimeters

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Bottomless [™]	FAST [®]	LittleFET [™]	Power247 [™]	SuperSOT [™] -3
CoolFET [™]	FAST [™]	MicroFET [™]	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT [™] -6
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EnSigna [™]	I ² C [™]	OCX [™]	RapidConfigure [™]	UHC [™]
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

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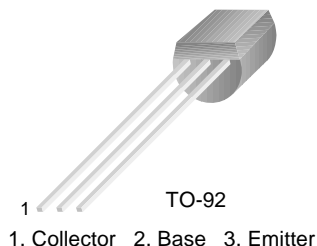
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Datasheets for electronics components.

BC337/338

Switching and Amplifier Applications

- Suitable for AF-Driver stages and low power output stages
- Complement to BC327/BC328



NPN Epitaxial Silicon Transistor

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage		
	: BC337	50	V
	: BC338	30	V
V_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Voltage		
	: BC337	45	V
	: BC338	25	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Voltage	5	V
I_C	Collector Current (DC)	800	mA
P_C	Collector Power Dissipation	625	mW
T_J	Junction Temperature	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

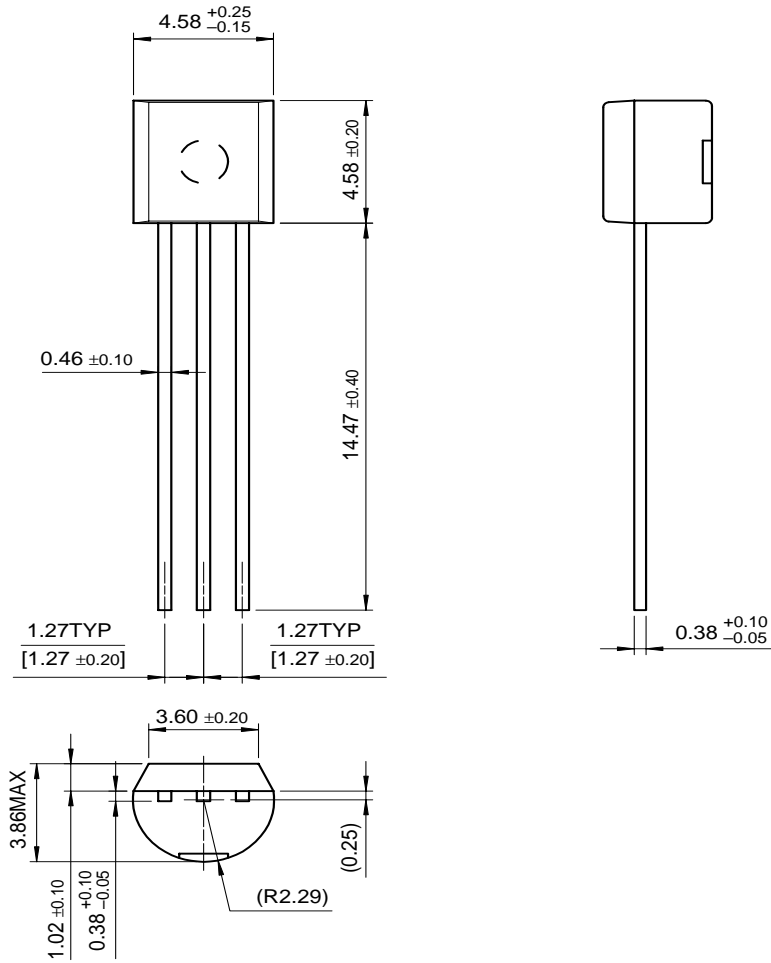
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
BV_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C=10\text{mA}$, $I_B=0$	45			V
			25			V
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C=0.1\text{mA}$, $V_{BE}=0$	50			V
			30			V
BV_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E=0.1\text{mA}$, $I_C=0$	5			V
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current	$V_{CE}=45\text{V}$, $I_B=0$ $V_{CE}=25\text{V}$, $I_B=0$		2	100	nA
				2	100	nA
h_{FE1}	DC Current Gain	$V_{CE}=1\text{V}$, $I_C=100\text{mA}$ $V_{CE}=1\text{V}$, $I_C=300\text{mA}$	100		630	
h_{FE2}			60			
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C=500\text{mA}$, $I_B=50\text{mA}$			0.7	V
$V_{BE}(\text{on})$	Base Emitter On Voltage	$V_{CE}=1\text{V}$, $I_C=300\text{mA}$			1.2	V
f_T	Current Gain Bandwidth Product	$V_{CE}=5\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{mA}$, $f=50\text{MHz}$		100		MHz
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance	$V_{CB}=10\text{V}$, $I_E=0$, $f=1\text{MHz}$		12		pF

h_{FE} Classification

Classification	16	25	40
h_{FE1}	100 ~ 250	160 ~ 400	250 ~ 630
h_{FE2}	60-	100-	170-

Package Dimensions

TO-92



Dimensions in Millimeters

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E ² CMOS [™]	HiSeC [™]	MSXPro [™]	Quiet Series [™]	TruTranslation [™]
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The Power Franchise [™]		OPTOLOGIC [®]	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	VCX [™]
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

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Datasheets for electronics components.



DC COMPONENTS CO., LTD.

RECTIFIER SPECIALISTS

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4007A / 107

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF SILICON RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE - 50 to 1000 Volts CURRENT - 1.0 Ampere

FEATURES

- * High reliability
- * Low leakage
- * Low forward voltage drop
- * High current capability

MECHANICAL DATA

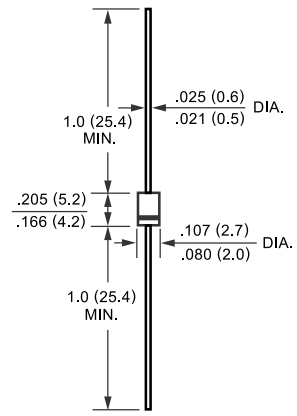
- * Case: Molded plastic
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Lead: MIL-STD-202E, Method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 0.22 gram

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.



A-405



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

		1N4001A	1N4002A	1N4003A	1N4004A	1N4005A	1N4006A	1N4007A	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current at T _A = 55°C	I _O	1.0							Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I _{FSM}	30							Amps
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	V _F	1.1							Volts
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage	I _R	@ T _A = 25°C							uAmps
		@ T _A = 100°C							
Maximum Full Load Reverse Current Average, Full Cycle .375*(9.5mm) lead length at T _L = 75°C		30							uAmps
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note)	C _J	15							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance	R _{θJA}	50							°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-65 to +175							°C

NOTES : Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

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Datasheets for electronics components.

Silicon Switching Diode

1N914
or
1N914-1

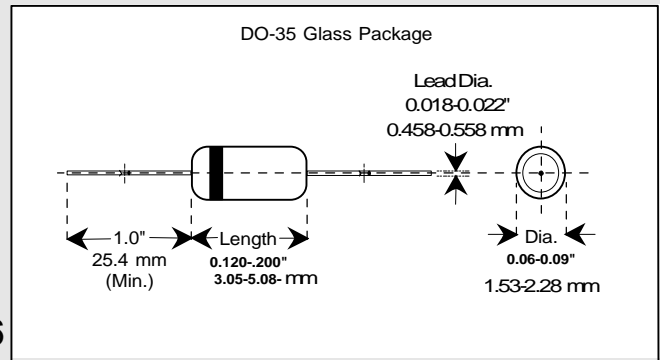
DO-35 Glass Package

Applications

Used in general purpose applications, where performance and switching speed are important.

Features

- Six sigma quality
- Metallurgically bonded
- BKC's Sigma Bond™ plating for problem free solderability
- LL-34/35 MELF SMD available
- Full approval to Mil-S-19500/116
- Available up to JANTXV levels
- "S" level screening available to SCDs



Maximum Ratings	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Inverse Voltage	PIV	100 (Min.)	Volts
Average Rectified Current	I_{Avg}	75	mAmps
Continuous Forward Current	I_{Fdc}	300	mAmps
Peak Surge Current ($t_{peak} = 1 \text{ sec.}$)	I_{peak}	0.5	Amp
Power Dissipation @ $T_L = 50^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 3/8"$ from body	P_{tot}	250	mWatts
Storage & Operating Temperature Range	$T_{St \& Op}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ 25°C*	Symbol	Absolute Limits	Unit
Breakdown Voltage @ $I_r = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	PIV	100 (Min)	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current @ $V_R = 20 \text{ V}$	I_R	0.025 (Max)	μA
Reverse Leakage ($V_r = 20 \text{ V}$, 150°C)	I_R	50 (Max)	μA
Reverse Leakage Current @ $V_R = 75 \text{ V}$	I_R	5.0 (Max)	μA
Capacitance @ $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_T	4.0 (Max)	pF
Reverse Recovery Time (note 1)	t_{rr}	4.0 (Max)	nSecs
Forward Recovery Time (note 2)	V_{fr}	2.5 (Max)	Volts

Note 1: $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100 \text{ Ohms}$, $V_r = 6.0 \text{ Volts}$, $I_{rr} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$

Note 2: $I_F = 50 \text{ mA dc}$

***UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED**

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Datasheets for electronics components.

DATA SHEET

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

Timer

Product data
Supersedes data of 1994 Aug 31

2003 Feb 14

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

DESCRIPTION

The 555 monolithic timing circuit is a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate time delays, or oscillation. In the time delay mode of operation, the time is precisely controlled by one external resistor and capacitor. For a stable operation as an oscillator, the free running frequency and the duty cycle are both accurately controlled with two external resistors and one capacitor. The circuit may be triggered and reset on falling waveforms, and the output structure can source or sink up to 200 mA.

FEATURES

- Turn-off time less than 2 μ s
- Max. operating frequency greater than 500 kHz
- Timing from microseconds to hours
- Operates in both astable and monostable modes
- High output current
- Adjustable duty cycle
- TTL compatible
- Temperature stability of 0.005% per $^{\circ}$ C

APPLICATIONS

- Precision timing
- Pulse generation
- Sequential timing
- Time delay generation
- Pulse width modulation

PIN CONFIGURATION

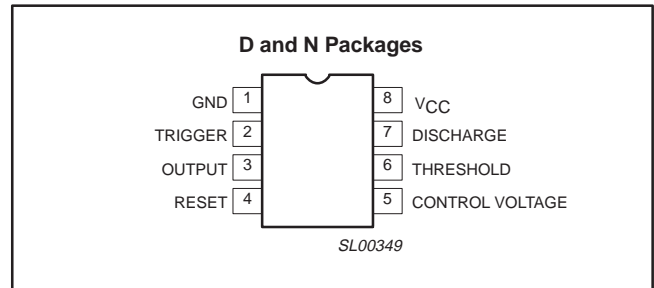


Figure 1. Pin configuration

BLOCK DIAGRAM

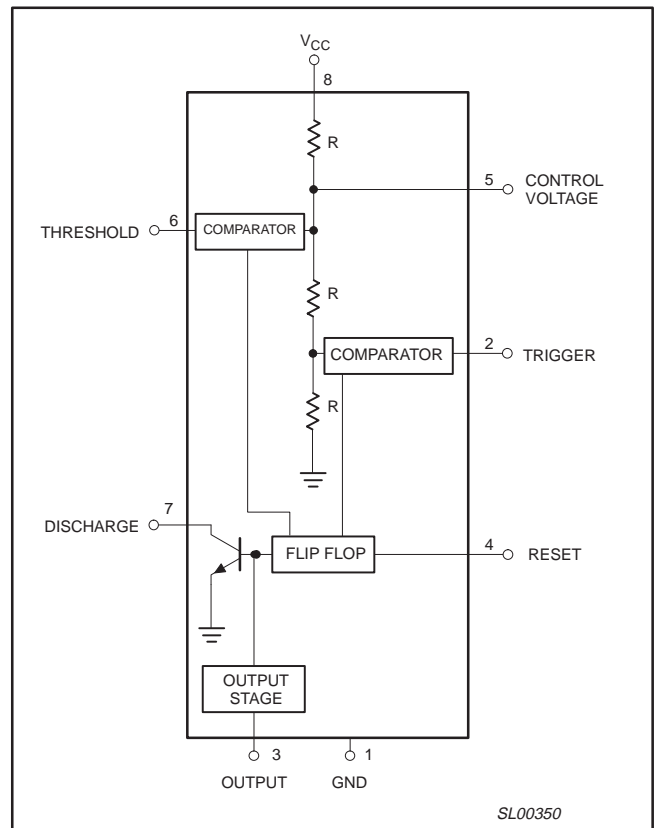


Figure 2. Block Diagram

ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
8-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	0 to +70 $^{\circ}$ C	NE555D	SOT96-1
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70 $^{\circ}$ C	NE555N	SOT97-1
8-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	-40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C	SA555D	SOT96-1
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C	SA555N	SOT97-1
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-55 $^{\circ}$ C to +125 $^{\circ}$ C	SE555CN	SOT97-1
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-55 $^{\circ}$ C to +125 $^{\circ}$ C	SE555N	SOT97-1

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC

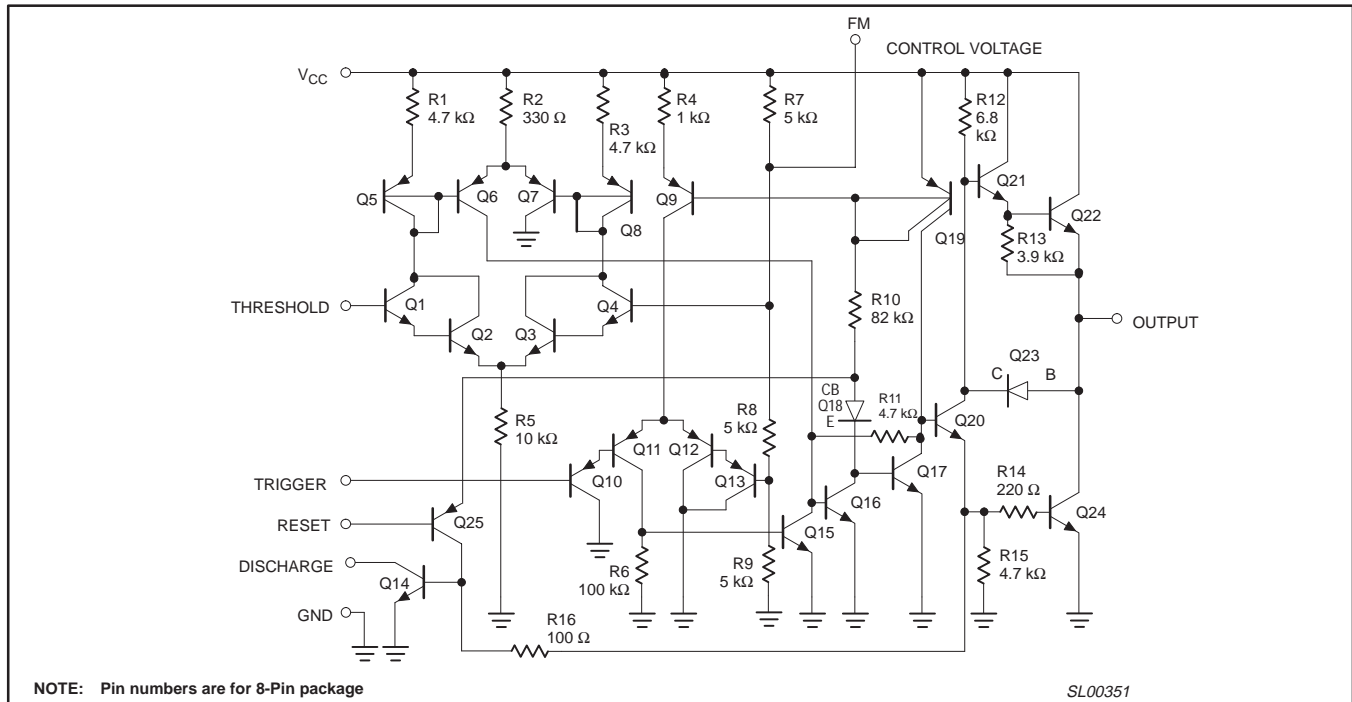


Figure 3. Equivalent schematic

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		
	SE555	+18	V
	NE555, SE555C, SA555	+16	V
P _D	Maximum allowable power dissipation ¹	600	mW
T _{amb}	Operating ambient temperature range		
	NE555	0 to +70	°C
	SA555	-40 to +85	°C
	SE555, SE555C	-55 to +125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
T _{SOLD}	Lead soldering temperature (10 sec max)	+230	°C

NOTE:

- The junction temperature must be kept below 125 °C for the D package and below 150°C for the N package. At ambient temperatures above 25 °C, where this limit would be derated by the following factors:
 D package 160 °C/W
 N package 100 °C/W

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = +5\text{ V}$ to $+15\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SE555			NE555/SA555/SE555C			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5		18	4.5		16	V
I_{CC}	Supply current (low state) ¹	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $R_L = \infty$ $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$, $R_L = \infty$		3 10	5 12		3 10	6 15	 mA mA
t_M $\Delta t_M/\Delta T$ $\Delta t_M/\Delta V_S$	Timing error (monostable) Initial accuracy ² Drift with temperature Drift with supply voltage	$R_A = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to $100\text{ k}\Omega$ $C = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$		0.5 30 0.05	2.0 100 0.2		1.0 50 0.1	3.0 150 0.5	 % ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ %/V
t_A $\Delta t_A/\Delta T$ $\Delta t_A/\Delta V_S$	Timing error (astable) Initial accuracy ² Drift with temperature Drift with supply voltage	$R_A, R_B = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ to $100\text{ k}\Omega$ $C = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$		4 0.15	6 500 0.6		5 0.3	13 500 1	 % ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ %/V
V_C	Control voltage level	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	9.6 2.9	10.0 3.33	10.4 3.8	9.0 2.6	10.0 3.33	11.0 4.0	 V V
V_{TH}	Threshold voltage	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	9.4 2.7	10.0 3.33	10.6 4.0	8.8 2.4	10.0 3.33	11.2 4.2	 V V
I_{TH}	Threshold current ³			0.1	0.25		0.1	0.25	μA
V_{TRIG}	Trigger voltage	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	4.8 1.45	5.0 1.67	5.2 1.9	4.5 1.1	5.0 1.67	5.6 2.2	 V V
I_{TRIG}	Trigger current	$V_{TRIG} = 0\text{ V}$		0.5	0.9		0.5	2.0	μA
V_{RESET}	Reset voltage ⁴	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{TH} = 10.5\text{ V}$	0.3		1.0	0.3		1.0	V
I_{RESET}	Reset current Reset current	$V_{RESET} = 0.4\text{ V}$ $V_{RESET} = 0\text{ V}$		0.1 0.4	0.4 1.0		0.1 0.4	0.4 1.5	 mA mA
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ $I_{SINK} = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_{SINK} = 50\text{ mA}$ $I_{SINK} = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_{SINK} = 200\text{ mA}$		0.1 0.4 2.0 2.5	0.15 0.5 2.2		0.1 0.4 2.0 2.5	0.25 0.75 2.5	 V V V V
		$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_{SINK} = 8\text{ mA}$ $I_{SINK} = 5\text{ mA}$		0.1 0.05	0.25 0.2		0.3 0.25	0.4 0.35	 V V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ $I_{SOURCE} = 200\text{ mA}$ $I_{SOURCE} = 100\text{ mA}$	13.0	12.5 13.3			12.5 13.3		 V V
		$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ $I_{SOURCE} = 100\text{ mA}$	3.0	3.3		2.75	3.3		 V
t_{OFF}	Turn-off time ⁵	$V_{RESET} = V_{CC}$		0.5	2.0		0.5	2.0	μs
t_R	Rise time of output			100	200		100	300	ns
t_F	Fall time of output			100	200		100	300	ns
	Discharge leakage current			20	100		20	100	nA

NOTES:

- Supply current when output high typically 1 mA less.
- Tested at $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ and $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$.
- This will determine the max value of $R_A + R_B$, for 15 V operation, the max total $R = 10\text{ M}\Omega$, and for 5 V operation, the max. total $R = 3.4\text{ M}\Omega$.
- Specified with trigger input HIGH.
- Time measured from a positive-going input pulse from 0 to $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ into the threshold to the drop from HIGH to LOW of the output. Trigger is tied to threshold.

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

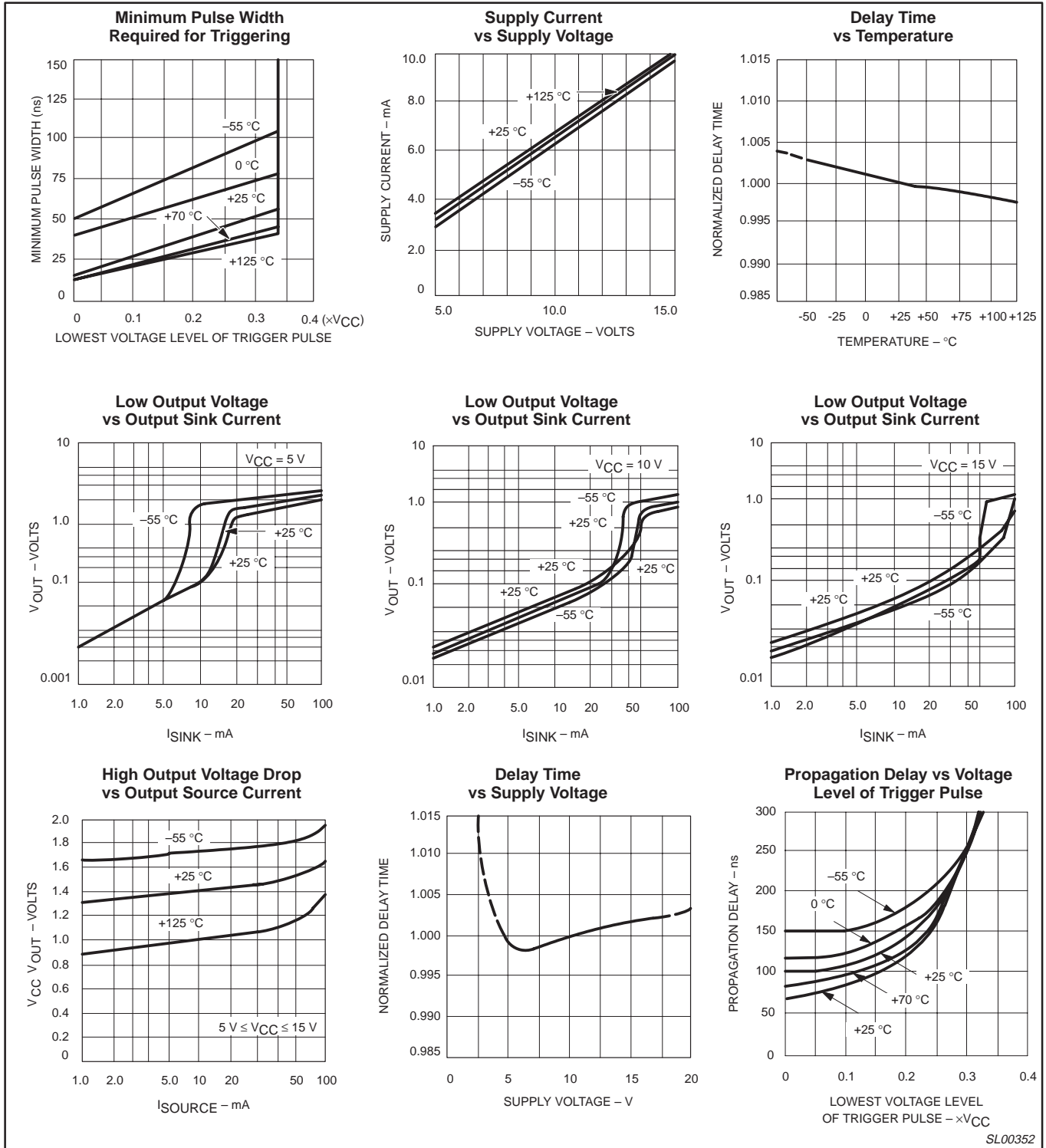


Figure 4. Typical Performance Characteristics

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

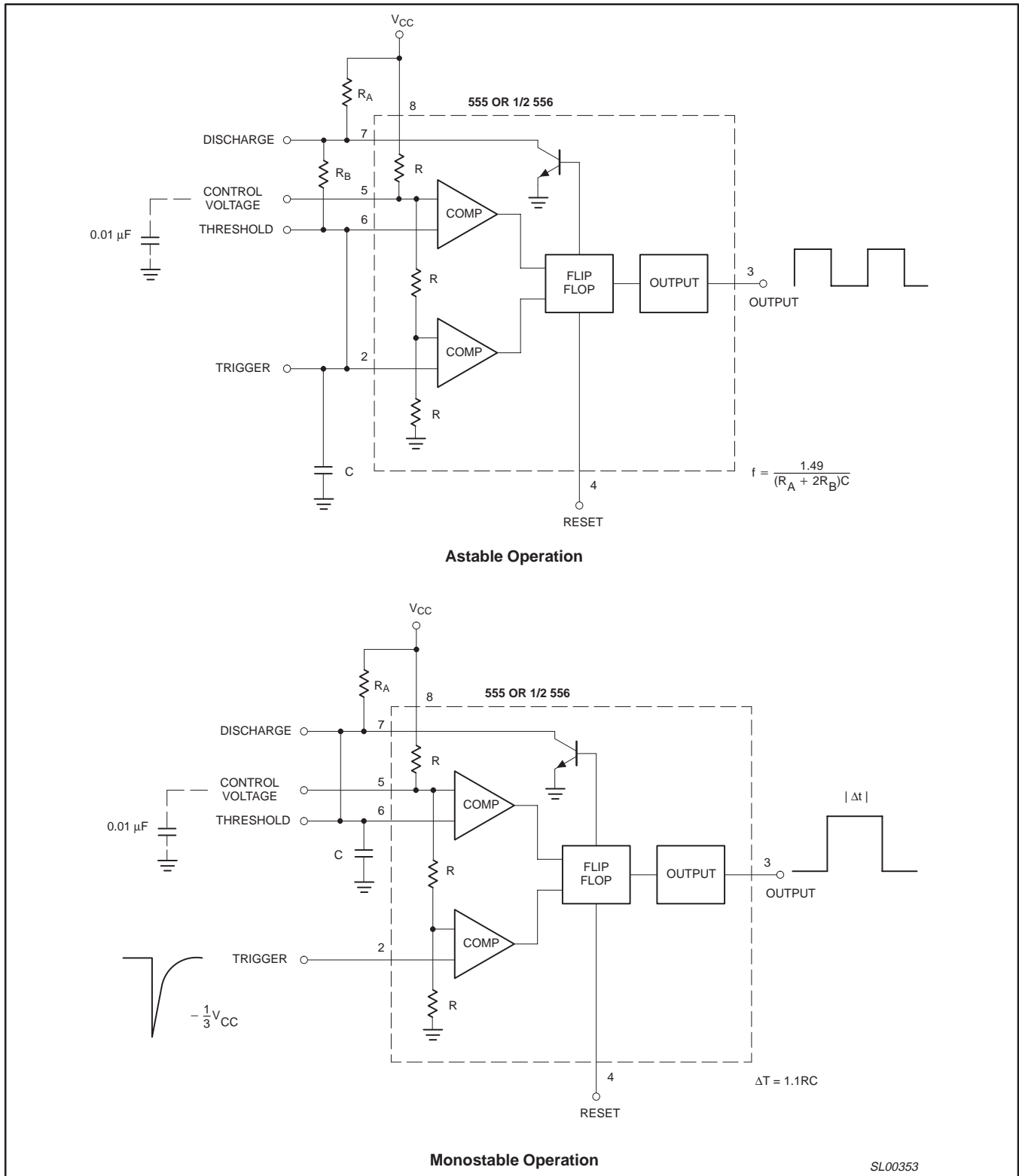


Figure 5. Typical Applications

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

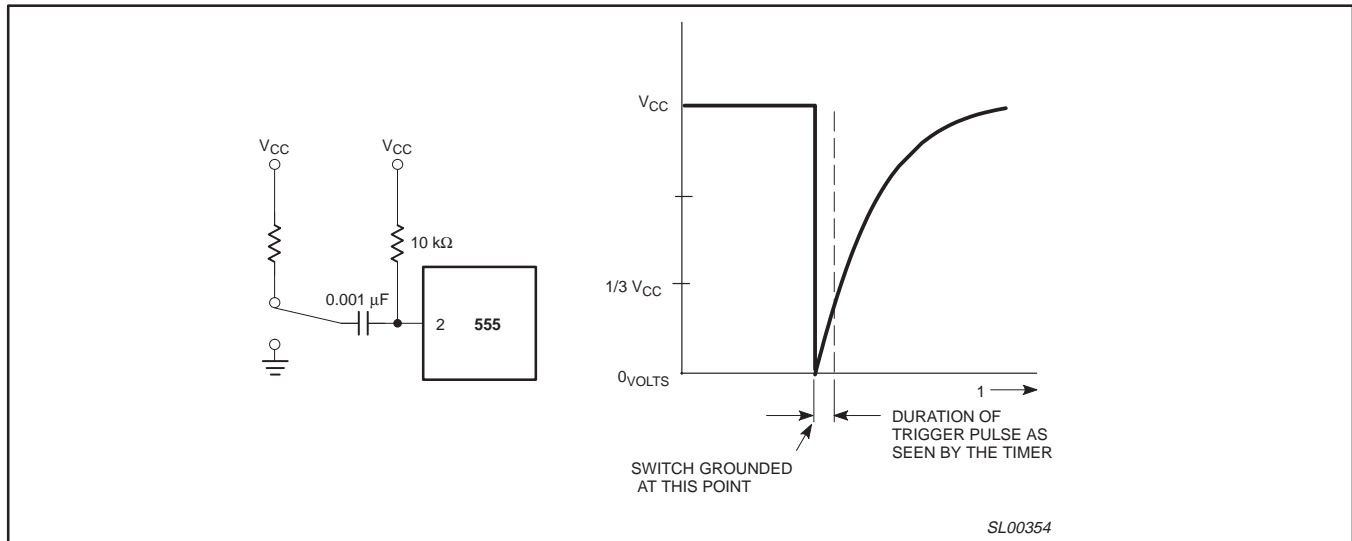


Figure 6. AC Coupling of the Trigger Pulse

Trigger Pulse Width Requirements and Time Delays

Due to the nature of the trigger circuitry, the timer will trigger on the negative going edge of the input pulse. For the device to time out properly, it is necessary that the trigger voltage level be returned to some voltage greater than one third of the supply before the time out period. This can be achieved by making either the trigger pulse sufficiently short or by AC coupling into the trigger. By AC coupling the trigger, see Figure 6, a short negative going pulse is achieved when the trigger signal goes to ground. AC coupling is most frequently used in conjunction with a switch or a signal that goes to ground which initiates the timing cycle. Should the trigger be held low, without AC coupling, for a longer duration than the timing cycle the output will remain in a high state for the duration of the low trigger signal, without regard to the threshold comparator state. This is due to the predominance of Q₁₅ on the base of Q₁₆, controlling the state of the bi-stable flip-flop. When the trigger signal then returns to a high level, the output will fall immediately. Thus, the output signal will follow the trigger signal in this case.

Another consideration is the “turn-off time”. This is the measurement of the amount of time required after the threshold reaches 2/3 V_{CC} to turn the output low. To explain further, Q₁ at the threshold input turns on after reaching 2/3 V_{CC}, which then turns on Q₅, which turns on Q₆. Current from Q₆ turns on Q₁₆ which turns Q₁₇ off. This allows current from Q₁₉ to turn on Q₂₀ and Q₂₄ to given an output low. These steps cause the 2 μs max. delay as stated in the data sheet.

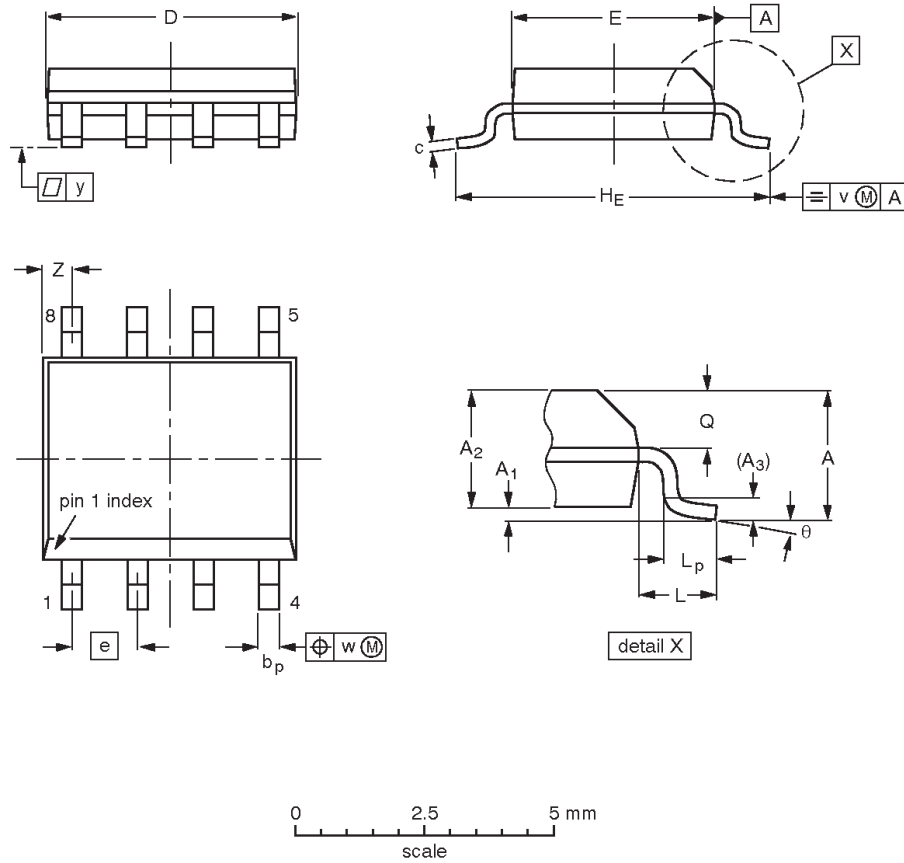
Also, a delay comparable to the turn-off time is the trigger release time. When the trigger is low, Q₁₀ is on and turns on Q₁₁ which turns on Q₁₅. Q₁₅ turns off Q₁₆ and allows Q₁₇ to turn on. This turns off current to Q₂₀ and Q₂₄, which results in output high. When the trigger is released, Q₁₀ and Q₁₁ shut off, Q₁₅ turns off, Q₁₆ turns on and the circuit then follows the same path and time delay explained as “turn off time”. This trigger release time is very important in designing the trigger pulse width so as not to interfere with the output signal as explained previously.

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

S08: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT96-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	e	H _E	L	L _p	Q	v	w	y	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	5.0 4.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8° 0°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.0100 0.0075	0.20 0.19	0.16 0.15	0.050	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.024	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

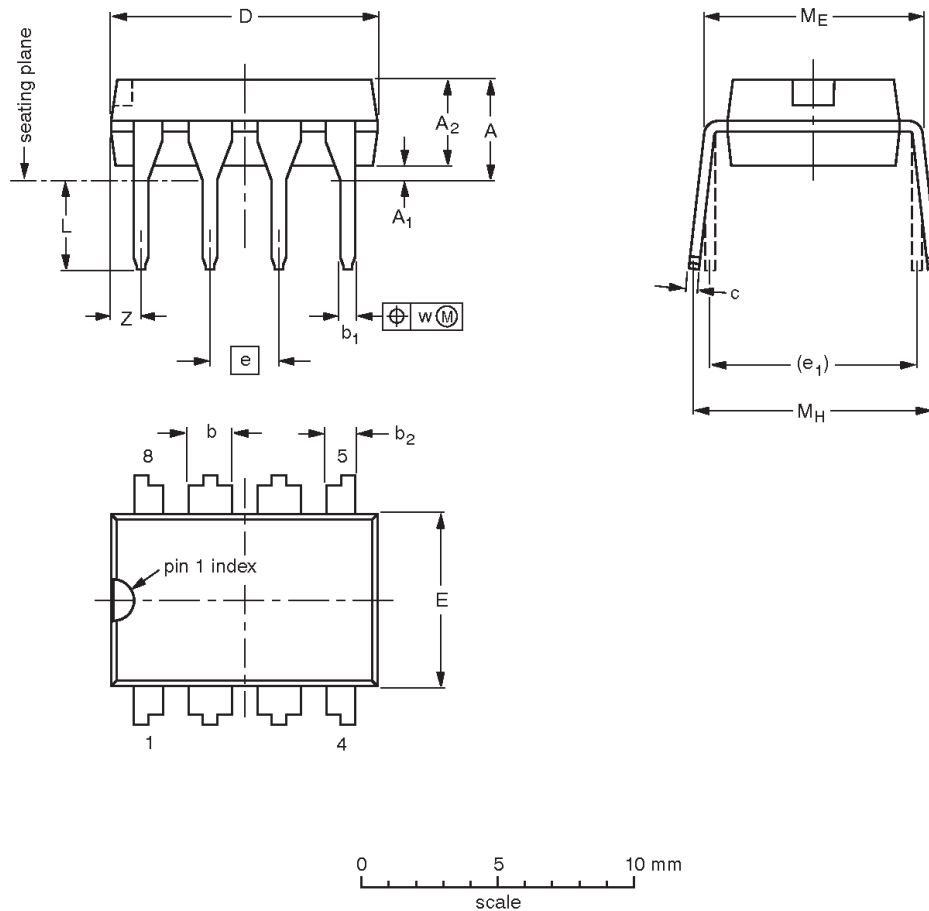
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT96-1	076E03	MS-012				97-05-22 99-12-27

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

DIP8: plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300 mil)

SOT97-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁ min.	A ₂ max.	b	b ₁	b ₂	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	e	e ₁	L	M _E	M _H	w	Z ⁽¹⁾ max.
mm	4.2	0.51	3.2	1.73 1.14	0.53 0.38	1.07 0.89	0.36 0.23	9.8 9.2	6.48 6.20	2.54	7.62	3.60 3.05	8.25 7.80	10.0 8.3	0.254	1.15
inches	0.17	0.020	0.13	0.068 0.045	0.021 0.015	0.042 0.035	0.014 0.009	0.39 0.36	0.26 0.24	0.10	0.30	0.14 0.12	0.32 0.31	0.39 0.33	0.01	0.045

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT97-1	050G01	MO-001	SC-504-8			95-02-04 99-12-27

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

REVISION HISTORY

Rev	Date	Description
2	20030214	Product data (9397 750 11129); ECN 853-0036 29156 of 06 November 2002. Supersedes Product specification dated August 31, 1994. Modifications: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remove all cerdip information from the data sheet. Package type discontinued.• 'Absolute maximum ratings' table: T{SOLD} rating changed from '+300 °C' to '+230 °C'.
	19940831	Product specification; ECN 853-0036 13721 of 31 August 1994. (Filename = NE_SA555X.pdf)

Timer

NE/SA/SE555/SE555C

Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status ^[1]	Product status ^{[2] [3]}	Definitions
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
III	Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Relevant changes will be communicated via a Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN).

[1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>.

[3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

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